

HB1001

ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY; COVID-19 IMMUNIZATIONS (LEHMAN M) Allows the secretary of family and social services (secretary) to issue a waiver of human services statutory provisions and administrative rules if the secretary determines that the waiver is necessary to claim certain enhanced federal matching funds available to the Medicaid program. Allows the secretary to issue an emergency declaration for purposes of participating in specified authorized federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) emergency allotments. Requires the secretary to prepare and submit any waivers or emergency declarations to the budget committee. Allows the state health commissioner of the state department of health or the commissioner's designated public health authority to issue standing orders, prescriptions, or protocols to administer or dispense certain immunizations for individuals who are at least five years old (current law limits the age for the commissioner's issuance of standing orders, prescriptions, and protocols for individuals who are at least 11 years old). Defines "Indiana governmental entity" and specifies that an Indiana governmental entity (current law refers to a state or local unit) may not issue or require an immunization passport. Establishes certain requirements for the temporary licensure of retired or inactive emergency medical services personnel, retired or inactive health care professionals, out-of-state health care professionals, or recently graduated students who have applied for a physician assistant, nurse, respiratory care practitioner, or pharmacist license. Allows a health care provider or an officer, agent, or employee of a health care provider who has a temporary license to qualify for coverage under the Medical Malpractice Act. Provides that an individual is not disqualified from unemployment benefits if the individual has complied with the requirements for seeking an exemption from an employer's COVID-19 immunization requirement and was discharged from employment for failing or refusing to receive an immunization against COVID-19. Provides that charges based on wage credits shall only be charged to the experience or reimbursable account of the employer who discharged the employee for failing or refusing to receive an immunization against COVID-19. Provides that an employer may not impose a requirement that employees receive an immunization against COVID-19 unless the employer provides individual exemptions that allow an employee to opt out of the requirement on the basis of medical reasons, religious reasons, an agreement to submit to testing for the presence of COVID-19, or immunity from COVID-19 acquired from a prior infection with COVID-19. Provides that an employer may not take an adverse employment action against an employee because the employee has requested or used an exemption from an employer's COVID-19 immunization requirement.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Committee Report amend do pass, adopted

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - House Committee recommends passage, as amended Yeas: 7; Nays: 4;

1/6/2022 - House Employment, Labor and Pensions, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

1/4/2022 - Referred to Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions

1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Barrett, Jeter, Huston, Steuerwald,

Abbott, Baird, Bartels, Behning, Borders, Carbaugh, Cherry, Cook, Davis, DeVon,

Ellington, Engleman, Frye R, Goodrich, Gutwein, Heaton, Heine, Jordan, Judy,

Karickhoff, King, Lauer, Leonard, Lindauer, Lyness, Manning, May, McNamara, Miller

D, Morris, Morrison, Negele, O'Brien, Olthoff, Prescott, Pressel, Rowray, Schaibley,

Slager, Smaltz, Snow, Soliday, Speedy, Teshka, Thompson, Torr, VanNatter,

Wesco, Zent, Young J, Mayfield

1/4/2022 - Authored By Matt Lehman

12/16/2021 - House Employment, Labor and Pensions, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

12/16/2021 - , (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

HB1002

VARIOUS TAX MATTERS (BROWN T) Repeals a provision that would require the budget agency to transfer the amount of combined excess reserves that exceed \$2,500,000,000 in calendar year 2022 to the pre-1996 account of the Indiana state teachers' retirement fund. Amends provisions that provide for an automatic taxpayer refund if sufficient excess reserves are available to: (1) clarify the tax return filing requirement for a refund; (2) require that refunds be distributed before May 1 of the calendar year immediately following the year in which a determination is made that the state has excess reserves; (3) remove provisions that require a taxpayer to have adjusted gross income tax liability in order to qualify for the refund; and (4) remove provisions that require the refund to be made in the form of a refundable tax credit. Provides that the minimum valuation limitation applicable to the total amount of a taxpayer's assessable depreciable personal property in a taxing district is 30% of the adjusted cost of the depreciable personal property purchased before January 2, 2022. Provides an exemption from the 30% minimum valuation limitation for new depreciable personal property purchased after January 1, 2022. Requires the department of local government finance to develop or amend forms for property taxation of assessable depreciable personal property. Repeals the utility receipts and utility services use taxes. Provides a state income tax credit for property taxes paid on certain business personal property. Specifies a formula for determining the amount of the credit. Removes the double direct test currently applied in production sales tax exemptions. Phases down the individual adjusted gross income tax rate from 3.23% in 2022 to 3% in 2026 and thereafter. Makes conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

- HB1004 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION (FRYE R) Amends and updates certain terms involving direct placement in a community corrections program. Updates the definition of "community corrections program". Specifies that a court may suspend any portion of a sentence and order a person to be placed in a community corrections program for the part of the sentence which must be executed. Provides that a person placed on a level of supervision as part of a community corrections program: (1) is entitled to earned good time credit; (2) may not earn educational credit; and (3) may be deprived of earned good time credit. Provides that when a person completes a placement program, the court may place the person on probation. Provides that a court may commit a person convicted of a Level 6 felony to the department of correction (department). (Current law provides that, under certain circumstances, a person convicted of a Level 6 felony may not be committed to the department.) Makes conforming changes.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Committee Report amend do pass, adopted  
*All Bill Status:* 1/5/2022 - House Committee recommends passage, as amended Yeas: 12; Nays: 0;  
1/5/2022 - House Courts and Criminal Code, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives McNamara and Steuerwald  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Randall Frye
- HB1011 SALE OF CAPITAL ASSET (AYLESWORTH M) Allows a town to invest the proceeds received from the sale of a capital asset made after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, in the same manner as the next generation trust fund if the proceeds from the sale exceed \$24,000,000 but do not exceed \$26,000,000. (Under current law, a political subdivision is authorized to invest the proceeds received from the sale of certain capital assets in the same manner as the next generation trust fund only if the proceeds exceed \$50,000,000.)  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - House Committee recommends passage Yeas: 24; Nays: 0;  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - House Ways and Means, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Mike Aylesworth
- HB1012 RENTER'S TAX DEDUCTION FOR DISABLED VETERANS (AYLESWORTH M) Allows a disabled veteran who rents a dwelling as a principal place of residence to claim an additional renter's deduction of up to \$3,000 from the disabled veteran's adjusted gross income.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Ledbetter  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Mike Aylesworth
- HB1014 ADDITIONAL RENTER'S DEDUCTION FOR DISABLED VETERAN (TORR J) Allows a disabled veteran who rents a dwelling for use as the disabled veteran's principal place of residence to claim an additional renter's deduction from the disabled veteran's adjusted gross income. Provides that the additional deduction may not exceed \$3,000.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jerry Torr
- HB1015 INCOME TAX EXEMPTION FOR MILITARY PAY (FRYE R) Exempts military pay earned by members of an active component of the armed forces of the United States from the individual income tax. Phases in the exemption over four years beginning in taxable year 2024. (Current law exempts from the individual income tax the military pay earned by members of the National Guard and reserve components of the armed forces of the United States while serving on active duty.)  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Jeter  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Randall Frye
- HB1019 DEAD AND DYING TREES (SAUNDERS T) Defines "dead or dying tree". Renames a county weed control board as the weed and tree control board (board). Requires the board to remove dead or dying trees located on property owned, leased, or controlled by a county, municipality, or township (unit) under certain conditions. Provides that the board may pay the costs of dead or dying tree removal. Provides immunity to a unit for failing to remove a dead or dying

tree that falls on a roadway controlled by the unit.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Local Government

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Thomas Saunders

HB1022 ANNEXATION AND ZONING (THOMPSON J) Provides the following with regard to an annexation of territory (territory) that is at least 80% contiguous to the municipality: (1) The municipality must conduct three (instead of six) public information meetings regarding the proposed annexation. (2) A landowner may not remonstrate against the annexation. (3) The county executive may void the annexation. (4) A landowner may file a court action to void an annexation on the grounds that the municipality failed to fulfill certain statutory requirements. If successful, the landowner may collect attorney's fees and costs. (5) If voided, a municipality may not attempt another annexation of the territory for four years. Specifies, with regard to a request for a variance on property abutting a county line, who is an interested party and must be given notice of the variance hearing. Requires a board of zoning appeals to consider any effect that approval of a variance from development standards may have on wells and septic systems. Makes the following changes with regard to area plan commissions: (1) Allows only the appointing authority to remove a member of an area plan commission. (2) Requires the county legislative body (instead of the area plan commission) to appoint the executive director for an area planning department.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Local Government

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Jeffrey Thompson

HB1024 CLASSIFYING CORONERS AS FIRST RESPONDERS (SAUNDERS T) Adds coroners, deputy coroners, and medicolegal death investigators to the list of designated Indiana first responders.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Thomas Saunders

HB1025 SEPTIC SYSTEM INSPECTION AND WELL WATER TESTING (AYLESWORTH M) Provides that, after June 30, 2023, if a dwelling is connected to a residential onsite sewage system: (1) the residential onsite sewage system must be inspected by a qualified inspector and the property owner must state the inspector's determination in the real estate sales disclosure form required under current law; and (2) if the residential onsite sewage system is not inspected, if the inspector determines that the residential onsite sewage system is failing and the property owner does not state the inspector's determination in the disclosure form, or if the property owner does not submit a disclosure form to the buyer before accepting the buyer's offer, the transaction transferring ownership of the dwelling is voidable at the election of the buyer, even after the closing. Provides that, after June 30, 2023, a county recorder may not record a deed transferring a fee simple interest in a nondwelling structure connected to a commercial onsite sewage system unless: (1) the commercial onsite sewage system is inspected by a qualified inspector; (2) a document certifying that the inspection has been conducted and setting forth the inspection results is provided to the local health department, the county recorder, and the person to whom the fee simple interest is being transferred; and (3) if the commercial onsite sewage system exhibits any condition constituting system failure, the person to whom the fee simple interest in the nondwelling structure is being transferred presents to the local health department and the county recorder an affidavit stating that the cause of system failure: (A) has been eliminated; or (B) will be eliminated before the person uses the nondwelling structure for the purpose for which the person is acquiring the structure. Provides that, after June 30, 2023, a county recorder may not record a deed transferring a fee simple interest in a lot or tract of land containing a water well in addition to a residential or commercial onsite sewage system unless: (1) water from the water well is tested by a qualified tester for the presence of arsenic, nitrate, lead, and coliform bacteria; and (2) a document certifying that the testing has been conducted and setting forth the results is provided to the local health department, the county recorder, and the person to whom the fee simple interest is being transferred. Establishes exceptions to these inspection and testing requirements. Provides that the failure of the property owner to provide the document certifying and setting forth the results of the commercial onsite sewage system inspection or well water testing: (1) is a complete defense to an action brought by the property owner against a prospective transferee for breach of a contract to purchase the property; and (2) is a breach of a legal duty owed to a transferee for which the transferee may bring a civil action for compensatory damages. Requires the state department of health to adopt rules.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Environmental Affairs

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Mike Aylesworth

HB1027 INDIVIDUAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME TAX RATE (ELLINGTON J) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, reduces the tax rate imposed on the adjusted gross income of every resident person, and on the part of adjusted gross income derived from sources within Indiana of every nonresident person, from 3.23% to 3%.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jeff Ellington

- HB1031 WAGE HISTORY AND WAGE RANGE INQUIRIES (ERRINGTON S) Prohibits, with certain exceptions, an employer from using an applicant's wage history in the hiring process. Prohibits, in certain situations, an employer from relying on the wage history of an applicant for employment. Prohibits employers from failing or refusing to provide an applicant for employment the wage range for the position for which the applicant is applying. Requires an employer to provide to an employee the wage range for the employee's job under certain circumstances. Allows for the department of labor (department) to receive and investigate complaints. Provides that the department may do the following: (1) Issue a warning for the first violation. (2) Impose a civil penalty of \$50 for the second violation. (3) Impose a civil penalty of \$100 for the third violation and each subsequent violation. Requires the department to maintain a list of employers who have four or more violations and provide the list to the office of the chief equity, inclusion, and opportunity officer (office). Requires the office to post the list on the equity data portal. Provides that if an employer is found to have violated this chapter, the employer shall notify its employees of the violation.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Sue Errington
- HB1034 TAX INCREMENT FINANCING (TORR J) Provides that a lien resulting from an agreement between a commission and a taxpayer in an allocation area takes priority over any existing or subsequent mortgage, other lien, or other encumbrance on the property, and must have parity with a state property tax lien under IC 6-1.1-22-13.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - House Ways and Means, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jerry Torr
- HB1035 HIGHWAY WORK ZONE SPEED ENFORCEMENT PILOT PROGRAM (PRESSEL J) Authorizes the state police department and the Indiana department of transportation to establish the automated work zone speed enforcement pilot program (pilot program) to enforce highway work zone speed limits. Creates the automated work zone speed enforcement pilot program fund to deposit fines collected by the pilot program.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Roads and Transportation  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Soliday, Karickhoff, Moseley  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jim Pressel
- HB1036 WATERSHED DEVELOPMENT COMMISSIONS (AYLESWORTH M) Provides that the executives of one or more counties may adopt ordinances designating their counties as members of a proposed watershed development commission and that the proposed watershed development commission is established as a legal entity with the counties as its members if it is recognized by the natural resources commission. Requires the natural resources commission, in deciding whether to recognize a proposed watershed development commission, to answer certain questions. Provides that a nonmember county may become a member of an established watershed development commission if its membership is accepted by the member counties and recognized by the natural resources commission. Requires the department of natural resources (department), with the approval of the natural resources commission, to certify the area of a member county that is within a watershed development commission's designated watershed. Sets forth certain flood control and drainage purposes for which a watershed development commission may be established. Requires a watershed development commission to develop a flood control and drainage plan for its designated watershed and grants a watershed development commission exclusive authority to perform drainage and flood control activities within the channel of the river that is the surface water outlet of the commission's designated watershed. Provides for a watershed development commission to be governed by a board that includes the director of the department (or the director's designee) and one representative of each member county. Establishes an advisory committee for each watershed development commission to provide counsel to the board. Provides for the funding of a watershed development commission through an annual special assessment against each taxable parcel of real property that is located: (1) in a member county; and (2) within the designated watershed of the watershed development commission. Authorizes a member county to adopt any of three alternative methods of funding the watershed development commission. Authorizes a watershed development commission to give preference to an Indiana business over an out-of-state business in contracting for public works. Allows the Maumee River basin commission, the St. Joseph River basin commission, or the Upper Wabash River basin commission to be transformed into a watershed development commission if the county executives of all participating counties, by vote of at least two of the three members of the county executive, approve the proposed transformation.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Natural Resources  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Abbott, Ledbetter, O'Brien

- HB1037      WASTEWATER HOLDING TANKS IN RV CAMPGROUNDS (ENGLEMAN K) Provides that a recreational vehicle campground that is not connected to a public sewer system may include one or more holding tanks in which wastewater from recreational vehicles is stored before processing. Limits the capacity of a holding tank to not more than 10,000 gallons.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Environmental Affairs  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Bartels  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Karen Engleman
- HB1038      ARREST WARRANTS FOR ALLEGED DOMESTIC VIOLENCE (ENGLEMAN K) Provides that if a court denies a request for an arrest warrant involving a crime of domestic violence, a prosecuting attorney may petition the court to hold an ex parte hearing to present additional evidence to establish probable cause. Requires a court to set the ex parte hearing within 24 hours after the petition is filed. Provides that if a court denies a request for an arrest warrant after the ex parte hearing and issues a summons for the defendant, certain notice of the summons to the victim is required. Requires the service of summons on a defendant concerning an alleged crime of domestic violence to be served by a law enforcement officer. Requires a bail hearing if a person is charged with a crime of domestic violence. Enhances the penalty for invasion of privacy to a Level 6 felony if a person violates a no contact order that was issued as a condition of probation or a bond. Enhances the penalty for domestic battery to a Level 6 felony if a person has a previous unrelated conviction of domestic battery. Provides that bail must be revoked for a defendant charged with a crime of domestic violence who violates a no contact order while on bail and who is subsequently charged with invasion of privacy or a subsequent crime of domestic violence.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Payne  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Karen Engleman
- HB1039      HERITAGE COMMERCE DISTRICT (HEINE D) Establishes the Indiana heritage commerce district program. Permits a municipality with a population of not more than 25,000 and that has been designated as an Indiana main street program area for not less than two years to establish a heritage commerce district. Establishes the heritage commerce district fund. Provides that the office of community and rural affairs may make grants not exceeding \$500,000 to qualified districts. Provides that grant applicants must provide local matching funds. Specifies sources from which a grant applicant may solicit and accept local matching funds for purposes of a grant. Makes an appropriation.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Dave Heine
- HB1042      VARIOUS SCHOOL BOARD MATTERS (THOMPSON J) Provides that the primary voting history of each candidate for school board office for the two most recent primary elections must be indicated on the ballot and if a candidate did not vote in the most recent primary elections, that fact must also be stated. Provides a procedure to adjust the term of office of certain elected members of the governing body of a school corporation. Increases the maximum annual salary of a school board member from \$2,000 per year to \$5,000 per year. Requires the state board of education to establish a maximum per diem rate for meetings of members of the governing bodies of school corporations, including Indianapolis Public Schools. Removes a provision that provides that, if a governing body is totally comprised of appointed members, the appointive authority must approve the per diem rate before the governing body may make payments to the members. Requires the governing body of each school corporation to file with the department of education (department) a copy of the school corporation's organization plan and all amendments to the organization plan. Requires the department to publish each school corporation's organization plan on the department's Internet web site. Requires a school employer that is seeking to hire a prospective employee to contact the school employer that previously employed (or is currently employing) the prospective employee and request certain information. Requires a school employer that receives a request for certain employment information to comply with that request within 10 days. Provides that a school employer who receives a request for information must provide the prospective employee, upon request, with a copy of any information that is sent to the requesting school employer.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Education  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jeffrey Thompson
- HB1045      529 COLLEGE SAVINGS ACCOUNTS (HEINE D) Increases the maximum amount of the annual credit against adjusted gross income to which a taxpayer is entitled for a contribution to a college choice 529 education savings plan.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - House Committee recommends passage, as amended Yeas: 24; Nays: 0;

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - House Ways and Means, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Dave Heine

- HB1048 SHERIFF'S SALE IN MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE ACTION (EBERHART S) Allows the sheriff to conduct a public auction electronically. Raises the amount that a sheriff can charge for administrative fees from \$200 to \$500. Makes a conforming amendment. Makes a technical correction.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Sean Eberhart
- HB1050 FAIR AND OPEN COMPETITION FOR PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS (TORR J) Provides that a public agency may not do any of the following: (1) Impose by rule, ordinance, or other action, or in the bid specifications or contract documents for a public works project, a requirement inconsistent with, in addition to, or more stringent or restrictive than certain statutory prequalifications or any other requirement of an applicable public works statute. (2) Award a public works contract to a contractor under a contract award standard other than the contract award standard of the applicable public works statute. (3) Require a potential bidder on a public works project to provide any information other than the applicable financial information required by the prequalification statutes or as prescribed by the state board of accounts under the applicable public works statute. (4) By rule, ordinance, or any other action relating to contracts for public works projects, create or impose any prequalification processes that are additional to or inconsistent with those established by the prequalification statute or impose any requirements that directly or indirectly restrict potential bidders or proposers to any predetermined class of bidders defined by labor affiliation or membership or minimum training requirements inconsistent with, or more restrictive than, those required by certain public works statutes. (5) Take certain actions based on a bidder's, offeror's, or contractor's entering into, refusing to enter into, adhering to, or refusing to adhere to an agreement with a labor organization.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Miller D  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jerry Torr
- HB1053 LOCAL REGULATION OF FIREWORKS (SCHAIBLEY D) Changes: (1) the dates on which a county or municipal ordinance may limit or prohibit the use of fireworks in the county or municipality; and (2) the types of fireworks to which such an ordinance may apply.  
*Current Status:* 1/12/2022 - House Local Government, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Local Government  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Donna Schaibley
- HB1055 WAKE BOARDING AND WAKE SURFING (ABBOTT D) Prohibits a person from operating on a public freshwater lake a motorboat that engages in wake boarding or wake surfing: (1) during the period between sunset and sunrise; or (2) in violation of a rule adopted by the natural resources commission (commission). Places restrictions that apply to wake boarding or wake surfing on a small public freshwater lake that is at least 70 acres but not more than 300 acres. Establishes a procedure for property owners on a public freshwater lake to petition the commission to adopt rules concerning wake boarding and wake surfing restrictions. Establishes a penalty. Provides that an individual may not operate a motorboat with: (1) an outboard engine; or (2) an outdrive unit with a propeller that extends past the motorboat's transom or swim platform; for the purpose of wake surfing.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Natural Resources  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Zent  
1/4/2022 - Authored By David Abbott
- HB1056 KILLING A LAW ENFORCEMENT ANIMAL (JETER C) Increases the penalty for killing a law enforcement animal to a Level 5 felony. Provides that killing a law enforcement animal in the commission of a crime is an aggravating circumstance for sentencing in criminal cases.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Manning  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Chris Jeter

- HB1057      PRESCRIPTION DRUG DONATION REPOSITORIES (BARTELS S) Establishes the prescription drug donation repository program (program). Allows a person to donate prescription drugs and supplies to a central repository or local repository for use by an individual who is an eligible recipient or qualified individual. Provides that controlled substances are not allowed in the program. Allows a health care facility or pharmacy to elect to participate as a local repository in the program. Establishes criteria for the acceptance and distribution of donated prescription drugs and supplies. Allows an entity that participates in a drug donation program in another state to participate in the program in Indiana. Establishes immunity for certain persons who act reasonably and in good faith under the program.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Public Health  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Steve Bartels
- HB1058      STATE PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF PROPERTY TAXES (BARTELS S) Requires the state to make payments in lieu of property taxes (PILOTs) for qualified parcels in counties in which at least 19% of all land in the county is: (1) in the aggregate, owned or leased by the state of Indiana or the federal government; and (2) subject to an exemption from property taxes. Defines "qualified parcel" as a parcel that is: (1) owned or leased by the state of Indiana; (2) subject to an exemption from property taxes; and (3) located in a county to which this act applies. Provides that a county containing qualified parcels is entitled to receive PILOTs from the state. Provides that for purposes of calculating a PILOT, each acre of the qualified parcel is considered to have an assessed value of 1/2 of the statewide agricultural land base rate value. Provides that money received from the PILOTs must be used by the taxing units for capital expenditures related to public safety. Annually appropriates from the state general fund the amount necessary to pay the required PILOTs.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Steve Bartels
- HB1061      AMBULANCE ASSESSMENT FEE AND FUND (SLAGER H) Establishes the ambulance assessment fee (fee) and the ambulance assessment fee fund (fund). Requires the office of the secretary of family and social services (office) to establish the fee based upon the best available data. Requires a provider organization to be assessed the fee. Provides that the office shall make expenditures from the fund in a manner consistent with applicable federal law. Requires the office to establish and distribute a schedule of payment amounts in a manner that reduces the gap between Medicaid rates and average commercial rates. Requires the office to consult with the Indiana emergency medical services association in the development and implementation of the payments. Specifies that the fee is in addition to, and does not replace, any state general fund appropriations to support provider organization reimbursements. Prohibits the office from lowering Medicaid rates for provider organizations as a result of the fee.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Public Health  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Andrade  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Harold Slager
- HB1062      REGULATION OF CEMETERIES (ZENT D) Defines "certificate of burial rights" for purposes of the cemetery law. Replaces references to other instruments issued upon the purchase of burial rights with the term. Provides that before entering into a sales contract with a consumer, an owner of a cemetery must provide a written statement including a price range of all commodities and services available for purchase. Specifies that the schedule of fees and the fees charged in connection with the installation or use of commodities in a cemetery must be consistent with the statement provided to a consumer. Prohibits the preinstallation of a vault except in certain circumstances. Increases the maximum civil penalty for a violation of the cemetery association law from \$1,000 to \$5,000.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Commerce, Small Business and Economic Development  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Clere  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Dennis Zent
- HB1063      DE NOVO JUDICIAL REVIEW OF AGENCY ACTION (JETER C) Requires a court to try disputed issues of fact de novo in a judicial review of an agency action. Provides that the burden of proving the validity of an agency action is on the agency. Requires the court in a judicial review of an agency action to review all issues of law and fact de novo and without deference to any previous interpretation made by the agency.  
*Current Status:* 1/5/2022 - House Judiciary, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Judiciary  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Chris Jeter

- HB1064 ASSOCIATIONAL STANDING FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW (ENGLEMAN K) Provides that an association or representative organization that meets certain requirements has standing to: (1) bring a declaratory judgment action as to an ordinance adopted under the planning and development law; and (2) obtain judicial review of a zoning decision.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Judiciary  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives McNamara and Pressel  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Karen Engleman
- HB1074 YOUTH SPORTS AND TOURISM DEVELOPMENT AREAS (HEINE D) Allows the legislative body of a city to adopt an ordinance establishing a youth sports and tourism development area (tax area). Requires that the tax area include a facility or complex of facilities used by youth sports teams and organizations for practice or competitive sporting events. Requires the legislative body to make findings when adopting an ordinance. Requires the legislative body to submit an ordinance establishing a tax area to the budget committee and budget agency for review and approval. Allows a tax area to receive incremental state and local income tax revenue and incremental sales tax revenue attributable to the tax area. Requires a city that establishes a tax area to establish a youth sports and tourism development area fund. Limits the amount of incremental tax revenue that may be allocated to: (1) \$1,000,000 per tax area per year; and (2) a total of \$10,000,000 per tax area. Provides that a tax area terminates not later than 20 years after incremental tax revenues are first allocated to the tax area.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Dave Heine
- HB1075 COMMISSIONS AND COMMITTEES (PRESSEL J) Repeals the following: (1) Indiana advisory commission on intergovernmental relations. (2) Public highway private enterprise review board. (3) Lake Michigan marina and shoreline development commission. (4) Orange County development advisory board. Makes conforming changes. Assigns to the interim study committee on government the task of studying activity of various groups and interstate compacts each even-numbered year. Requires the budget agency to review the salary matrix biennially. Moves a definition from a statute being repealed.  
*Current Status:* 1/5/2022 - House Government and Regulatory Reform, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Government and Regulatory Reform  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Bartels  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jim Pressel
- HB1077 FIREARMS MATTERS (SMALTZ B) Repeals the law that requires a person to obtain a license to carry a handgun in Indiana. Specifies that certain persons who are not otherwise prohibited from carrying or possessing a handgun are not required to obtain or possess a license or permit from the state to carry a handgun in Indiana. Prohibits certain individuals from knowingly or intentionally carrying a handgun. Creates the crime of "unlawful carrying of a handgun" and specifies the penalties for committing this crime. Allows particular individuals who do not meet the requirements to receive a handgun license and are not otherwise prohibited to carry a handgun in limited places. Allows a resident of Indiana to obtain in certain circumstances a license to carry a handgun in Indiana. Makes theft of a firearm a Level 5 felony. Defines certain terms. Makes conforming amendments and repeals obsolete provisions.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Committee Report do pass, adopted  
*All Bill Status:* 1/5/2022 - Senate Committee recommends passage Yeas: 9; Nays: 3;  
1/5/2022 - House Public Policy, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
1/4/2022 - Referred to House Public Policy  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Lehman  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Ben Smaltz
- HB1079 ELEMENTS OF RAPE (NEGELE S) Provides that a person commits rape if: (1) the person engages in sexual activity with another person and the other person submits to the sexual activity under the belief that the person committing the act is someone the victim knows, other than the person committing the act, and such belief is intentionally induced by any artifice, pretense, or concealment practiced by the person; or (2) the person engages in sexual activity with another person and the other person has expressed a lack of consent, through words or conduct, to sexual intercourse or other sexual conduct.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Errington and Schaibley  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Sharon Negele



- HB1080 PUBLIC MEETINGS (ABBOTT D) Provides that a member of a governing body may participate but may not vote in a meeting of the governing body by electronic communication if the governing body is attempting to take certain final actions. Restricts the circumstances in which the governing body of a state or local public agency may hold a virtual meeting during a declared disaster emergency without any of the governing body members physically present. Requires a governing body, with certain exceptions, to do the following: (1) Post an agenda at the meeting site that has each agenda item clearly specified. (2) Provide a meeting attendee with a reasonable opportunity to speak regarding an agenda item. (3) Limit all official action to the agenda items. Provides that a meeting that violates these requirements may result in a court action to: (1) void a final action, policy, or decision based upon official action taken at the meeting; or (2) assess civil penalties against the officer or employee responsible for the violation.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Government and Regulatory Reform  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Cook  
1/4/2022 - Authored By David Abbott
- HB1081 HUMAN TRAFFICKING (MCNAMARA W) Provides that confidential reports and other material involving a report or investigation of child abuse and neglect shall be made available to a staff member of a child advocacy center. Defines "child advocacy center". Modifies the definition of "protected person" for purposes of the admission of a statement or videotape of an individual who is less than 14 years of age at the time of the offense but less than 18 years of age at the time of trial. Removes the requirement that money paid for a human trafficking victim or for an act performed by a human trafficking victim be paid to a third party. Increases the penalty if the human trafficking victim is less than 18 years of age. Specifies that: (1) consent by the human trafficking victim; or (2) a belief that the human trafficking victim was at least 18 years of age; is not a defense to a prosecution. Requires law enforcement agencies to report human trafficking investigations to the attorney general within 30 days after an investigation begins.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Negele  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Wendy McNamara
- HB1082 PROPERTY TAX RATES (THOMPSON J) Phases down the minimum valuation floor for depreciable personal property in a taxing district from 30% to 15% over a five year period beginning with the 2023 assessment date. Provides that, notwithstanding any increase in assessed value of property from the previous assessment date, the total amount of operating referendum tax that may be levied by a school corporation for taxes first due and payable in 2022 may not increase by more than 5% over the maximum operating referendum tax that could be levied by the school corporation in the previous year. Specifies that the statute requiring the adjustment of certain property tax rates does not apply to a local airport authority's cumulative building fund tax rate. Specifies that a political subdivision may increase the tax rate for its cumulative building fund without complying with procedures under the cumulative fund statute. Requires a political subdivision to give notice of the proposed increase and hold a public hearing on the proposal before increasing the tax rate. Makes technical corrections.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jeffrey Thompson
- HB1083 TAX AND FISCAL MATTERS (THOMPSON J) Provides that beginning in 2024, a maximum levy growth quotient is determined individually for each civil taxing unit. Provides that the maximum levy growth quotient for a civil taxing unit is determined by a formula that is based on: (1) the average growth in the taxing unit's net assessed value; and (2) the average circuit breaker losses experienced by a civil taxing unit. Eliminates Indiana nonfarm personal income as a factor in computing a maximum levy growth quotient for a civil taxing unit. Modifies the threshold amounts used for determining whether a school's or political subdivision's project is a controlled project and whether the petition and remonstrance process or the referendum process applies. Adds back the following deductions in calculating the basis for taxation of property for purposes of a referendum tax levy: (1) The homestead standard deduction. (2) The supplemental homestead deduction. (3) The mortgage deduction. Extends the state sales tax to all services beginning January 1, 2024, except for: (1) educational services; and (2) health care services. Defines "service" as any activity engaged in for another person, if the person purchases the service as the end user of the service for consideration. Specifies that the term does not include a service rendered by an employee. Excludes the wholesale sale of services that are performed by a business and rendered to another business for the use or consumption in the production of tangible personal property or the delivery of other services that are for sale (business to business transactions). Decreases the state sales and use tax rate from 7% to 6%. Extends current sales tax exemptions for various types of tangible personal property to include services. Decreases the individual adjusted gross income tax rate from 3.23% to 3% beginning January 1, 2024. Eliminates the imposition of local income tax (LIT) on individuals who maintain a principal place of business or employment in a county with a LIT but do not reside in the county. Establishes, beginning in 2024, a new allocation factor and distribution formula for LIT expenditure rate revenue for civil taxing units that is based on the taxing unit's residential assessed value. Eliminates provisions that provide for a distribution

of LIT expenditure rate revenue to schools and civil taxing units in counties that imposed a rate under the prior county adjusted gross income tax (CAGIT). Increases, beginning in 2024, the maximum LIT expenditure rate for a county, other than Marion County, from 2.5% in current law to 3%. Expires the authority to impose a property tax relief rate under the LIT. Provides that an ordinance adopted to impose a LIT property tax relief rate shall expire on December 31, 2023. Provides that, in order to continue to impose an expenditure tax rate after 2023, each county must adopt a new ordinance in 2023 (before October 1, 2023) to impose the rate. Provides that, for counties that fail to adopt an ordinance to renew an existing expenditure tax rate in 2023, the expenditure tax rate for the county in 2024 shall be the greater of: (1) zero; or (2) the minimum tax rate necessary for existing debt service. Specifies that this does not prevent the county from renewing, imposing, or modifying an expenditure tax rate in subsequent years. Authorizes a city or town to impose a municipal LIT rate beginning in 2024. Provides that the municipal tax rate may not exceed: (1) the remainder of: (A) 3%; minus (B) the expenditure tax rate imposed by the county; or (2) 3%, if the municipality is in a county that does not impose an expenditure tax rate. Allows a municipality to use tax revenue from a municipal LIT for any of the purposes of the municipality. Eliminates local income tax councils beginning July 1, 2023, and instead provides that the county fiscal body is the adopting body in all counties for purposes of the LIT. Provides that, after December 31, 2023, a civil taxing unit may not pledge LIT revenue to the payment of new bonds or to new lease payments. Establishes the school operations fund (fund). Requires the auditor of state, beginning after December 31, 2023, to transfer to the fund the distribution amounts of: (1) the financial institutions tax; (2) the commercial vehicle excise tax; and (3) the motor vehicle excise tax; that would otherwise be distributed to school corporations. Caps the operations fund maximum levy for school corporations and ensures that each school receives a specified amount of funding by providing for a distribution from the fund, if needed, to achieve the targeted funding amount. Includes property taxes imposed by a school corporation for its operations fund under the provisions that apply to the allocation of protected taxes to a fund. Provides that the governing body of a school corporation may not adopt a resolution to: (1) place a referendum on the ballot for an operating referendum tax levy; or (2) extend an operating referendum tax levy; that would impose a property tax rate for an assessment date after December 31, 2023 (does not affect a resolution adopted before January 1, 2024, or an operating referendum tax levy approved or extended before January 1, 2024). Authorizes the fiscal body of certain small cities and towns to adopt a resolution to place an operating referendum tax levy on the ballot. Requires the money received from the levy to be deposited in an operating referendum tax levy fund to be used to pay the general operating, administrative, or capital expenses of the city or town. Makes conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Jeffrey Thompson

HB1084 BAN ON PUBLIC FUNDING OF BAIL PAYING ORGANIZATION (FRYE R) Prohibits the state and a political subdivision from: (1) posting bail for any person; or (2) providing a grant to any entity that provides funding for any person. Prohibits an entity that has received a grant from the state or a political subdivision from posting bail for any person or providing a grant, directly or indirectly, to an entity that posts bail for any person.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Randall Frye

HB1085 SUMMONS TO APPEAR (FRYE R) Requires a local or regional advisory council to determine and compile a list of which Class B and Class C misdemeanor offenses would qualify as an offense for which a local law enforcement officer may issue a summons and promise to appear in lieu of arresting a person. Provides that the summons must: (1) include only a misdemeanor offense approved by a local or regional advisory council located in the officer's jurisdiction; and (2) set forth substantially the nature of the offense and direct the person to appear before a court at a stated place and time. Provides that, a law enforcement officer may not issue a summons if the person has committed a violent misdemeanor offense that involves a victim or a weapon or if the person has committed an offense involving the impaired operation of a motor vehicle. Provides that if the person summoned fails without good cause to appear as commanded by the summons and the court has determined that there is probable cause to believe that a crime (other than a failure to appear) has been committed, the court shall issue a warrant of arrest.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Randall Frye

HB1091 SEX OFFENSES AND HUMAN TRAFFICKING HOTLINE NOTICE (OLTHOFF J) Requires certain businesses to post a notice with human trafficking hotline information in each public restroom of the business and in a conspicuous place near the public entrance or in another conspicuous location of the business in clear view of the public and employees where similar notices are customarily posted. Provides that a business owner who fails to comply with the human trafficking hotline notice requirement commits a Class C misdemeanor. Requires the Indiana criminal justice institute to administer the human trafficking hotline notice requirement. Requires every governmental entity, on the home page of its web site, to provide an identified hyperlink to the model human trafficking hotline notice that is on the Indiana

criminal justice institute's web site. Provides that when a person seeking treatment as a victim arrives at an examination facility, the provider shall comply with certain requirements prior to commencing a forensic medical examination.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Schaibley

1/4/2022 - Authored By Julie Olthoff

HB1093

EDUCATION MATTERS (BEHNING R) Amends the membership and duties of the early learning advisory committee. Makes changes to the definition of "school resource officer". Provides that, after June 30, 2023, if a school corporation or charter school enters into a contract for a school resource officer, the school corporation or charter school must enter into a memorandum of understanding with the law enforcement agency that employs or appointed the individual who will perform the duties of a school resource officer. Provides that certain parties are prohibited from incentivizing the enrollment, reenrollment, or continued attendance of a student or prospective student by offering or giving an item that has monetary value. Requires the Indiana charter school board (board) to appoint an executive director to carry out the duties and daily operations of the board. Establishes the executive director's duties. Provides that the board shall establish certain processes. Establishes the Indiana charter school board fund and provides that money in the fund is appropriated continuously for purposes of the board. Provides that the department of education (department) may grant an accomplished practitioner's license under certain conditions. Provides that the instructional days tuition support distribution formula account for certain schools within a school corporation. Authorizes the department to study and, if recommended, use machine scoring. Changes the department's review period for certain funds. Repeals a provision concerning staffing of the board. Provides that the state board of education shall assign to a school or school corporation (including adult high schools) a "null" or "no letter grade" for the 2021-2022 school year.

*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - House Education, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/5/2022 - House Education, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

1/4/2022 - Referred to House Education

1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Robert Behning

HB1096

ACCOUNTABILITY (WESCO T) Establishes provisions that require greater transparency in state and local government actions related to incentives received by the Indiana economic development corporation or the Indiana destination development corporation (a corporation). Provides that a covered business shall disclose the source and amount of a success fee in relation to the award of incentives. Provides that a covered person shall disclose the source and amount of third party compensation made in connection with the covered person's performance in state or local government. Provides that a corporation shall disclose the source and amount of any economic development expenses paid for by a nongovernmental third party for the benefit of the corporation. Provides that a corporation shall disclose the terms of any contract for, or payment of, incentives made by a political subdivision that is not already covered under another provision. Provides that the disclosures must be made quarterly to the auditor of state and on the Indiana transparency portal Internet web site. Provides that failure to comply with the disclosure requirements results in the disgorgement of all undisclosed compensation and incentives which will be paid to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state general fund. Provides that the auditor of state may prescribe forms, rules, and procedures to implement the chapter and that the office of the attorney general shall enforce the chapter.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Timothy Wesco

HB1100

AGENCY OVERSIGHT AND RULEMAKING PROCEDURES (BARTELS S) Requires a court to try disputed issues of fact de novo in a judicial review of an agency action. Provides that the burden of proving the validity of an agency action is on the agency. Requires the court in a judicial review of an agency action to review all issues of law and fact de novo and without deference to any previous interpretation made by the agency. Requires an agency to repeal a rule before the agency may adopt a new rule that requires or prohibits an action on behalf of a person. Prohibits an executive order issued by the governor from being effective for more than 180 days unless the legislative council approves the extended enforcement of the executive order. Requires an agency to submit an emergency rule to the attorney general for review and approval before the emergency rule may take effect. Provides that emergency rules may not be effective for a period that exceeds 180 days. Provides that certain emergency rules expire not more than two years after the rule takes effect. Requires an agency adopting an administrative rule to submit an economic impact statement and an explanation of any penalty, fine, or other similar negative impact included in the proposed rule to the publisher of the Indiana administrative code (publisher). Requires the publisher to provide a copy of the materials concerning a proposed rule or pending readoption to the members of the appropriate standing committee. Provides that administrative rules expire on July 1 of the fourth year after the year in which the rule takes effect (instead of January 1 of the seventh year after the year in which the rule takes effect). Requires an agency intending to readopt

an administrative rule to provide to the publisher, not later than January 1 of the third year after the year in which the rule most recently took effect: (1) notice of; and (2) information concerning; the pending readoption. Makes corresponding changes.

*Current Status:* 1/5/2022 - House Government and Regulatory Reform, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Government and Regulatory Reform

1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Steve Bartels

HB1101

PUBLICATION OF PUBLIC NOTICES (CLERE E) Effective July 1, 2022: (1) Allows a notice to be published in either a locality newspaper or a regular newspaper. (2) If no locality newspaper or a regular newspaper is published in a county, requires publication in a locality newspaper or regular newspaper published in an adjoining county having a general circulation within the county placing the notice. (3) Prohibits an indigent person from being charged a fee that is greater than the governmental rate for publishing a notice. Effective January 1, 2023: (1) Changes the basic rate for publishing notices. (2) Allows for an increase January 1 of any year of the basic charges for the previous year for publishing notices by not more than the inflation rate. (3) Establishes a limit on the amount charged for publishing notices regarding estate administrations, sheriff's foreclosure sales, redemption of property, and service of summons by publication. Effective July 1, 2027: (1) Requires a notice to be published: (A) in an eligible publication; (B) on a statewide notice web site; and (C) if the notice is required by a court order, rule, or statute and is part of a court proceeding, on the Indiana supreme court web site. (2) Repeals statutes defining newspapers and other publications and publication of subsequent notices on the official web site of the political subdivision. Provides that not later than July 1, 2027, the office of technology may enter into memoranda of understanding with state agencies and an organization representing a majority of Indiana newspapers to operate a statewide notice web site. Makes conforming amendments.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Government and Regulatory Reform

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Karickhoff, Engleman, DeLaney

1/4/2022 - Authored By Edward Clere

HB1103

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES (EBERHART S) Provides that a taxpayer is entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability equal to 20% of the qualified and approved expenditures associated with completing the preservation or rehabilitation of historic property or \$20,000, whichever is less. Repeals code provisions regarding commercial fishing on Lake Michigan. Provides that the natural resources commission (commission) may adopt rules to allow for electronic notification of new rules being considered for adoption instead of publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation. Removes the requirement that the director of the department of natural resources (department) send, to a person who has a license that is placed on probationary status, notice that includes a description of the amount of child support in arrears and an explanation of the procedures to pay child support arrearage. Repeals the mussels license issued by the department. Provides that a law enforcement officer or an employee of the department is not liable for the destruction of a permitted animal that escapes an enclosure and poses a threat to public safety. Requires the commission to establish a fee to fund the regulation of underground petroleum storage. Provides that a contract to purchase timber must be in writing. Allows the collection of damages for costs associated with a claim or action, including attorney's fees, or damages specified in a contract with a timber buyer or a person who cuts timber but is not a timber buyer. Requires a timber buyer to keep complete and accurate records for at least five years after a transaction. Allows the director of the department to suspend a timber buyer's license for not more than 90 days before a final adjudication if the director of the department finds that the holder of the timber buyer's license poses a clear and immediate danger to public health, safety, or property if allowed to continue to operate. Provides that the director of the department may renew the suspension for periods of not more than 90 days. Makes technical and conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Natural Resources

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Sean Eberhart

HB1105

FAIR AND OPEN COMPETITION FOR PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS (GOODRICH C) Provides that a public agency may not do any of the following: (1) Require a potential bidder on a public works project to provide any information that the potential bidder considers confidential or proprietary as a requirement for the public agency finding the bidder to be a responsive or responsible bidder. (2) By rule, ordinance, or any other action relating to contracts for public works projects for which competitive bids are required impose any requirement that directly or indirectly restricts potential bidders to any predetermined class of bidders defined by experience on similar projects, size of company, union membership, or any other criteria. (3) Take certain actions based on a bidder's, offeror's, or contractor's entering into, refusing to enter into, adhering to, or refusing to adhere to an agreement with a labor organization.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Prescott and VanNatter

- HB1106 EMINENT DOMAIN (GOODRICH C) Makes changes to condemnation proceedings in which appraisers are appointed after April 1, 2022. Requires a city or town to obtain the county legislative body's approval of a condemnation of property within the unincorporated area of the county.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Hostettler and Prescott  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Chuck Goodrich
- HB1110 ANNEXATION OF RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT (SOLIDAY E) Allows a third class city to annex a noncontiguous residential development that: (1) has a homeowners association (HOA) governed by a board of directors; (2) is located not more than three miles outside the city's boundaries; (3) has at least 100 single family residential homes; (4) has commercial buildings; and (5) receives the third class city's sewer or water service. Provides that for an annexation to proceed: (1) the board of directors of the HOA must petition the city legislative body for annexation; and (2) the city legislative body must adopt a resolution approving initiation of the annexation process. Changes population parameters to reflect the population count determined under the 2020 decennial census.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Edmond Soliday
- HB1111 UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION REPORTING AND RULES (SOLIDAY E) Amends the statute concerning the required annual report by the utility regulatory commission (IURC) to the governor and the legislative council as follows: (1) Requires the IURC to present the annual report to the interim study committee on energy, utilities, and telecommunications (committee) before October 1 of each year. (2) Provides that the annual report must include certain information concerning: (A) the energy utility industry; (B) the water and wastewater utility industries; (C) the communications services industry; and (D) Indiana's pipeline safety program. Makes conforming amendments to the statutes requiring the IURC to report annually to the committee concerning: (1) the energy utility industry; and (2) communications services. Makes other conforming amendments to Indiana Code sections referencing the IURC's annual report to the committee concerning communications services. Repeals Indiana Code provisions requiring the IURC to report annually to the committee concerning: (1) acquisitions under the statute concerning acquisitions of offered water or wastewater utilities; and (2) the Indiana voluntary clean energy portfolio standard program. Requires the IURC to adopt rules as the IURC determines necessary to implement Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Order No. 2222 concerning distributed energy resources and distributed energy resource aggregators.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Manning  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Edmond Soliday
- HB1114 SELF-DEFENSE (LUCAS J) Specifies that "reasonable force" includes the pointing of a loaded or unloaded firearm for purposes of arrest or to prevent an escape, or for self-defense.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Teshka  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jim Lucas
- HB1115 LIABILITY FOR EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES (LYNESS R) Provides civil immunity for an act or omission committed by an emergency vehicle operator while operating an emergency vehicle.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Judiciary  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Randy Lyness
- HB1119 INCOME TAX DEDUCTION FOR RECENT GRADUATES (O'BRIEN T) Provides an adjusted gross income tax deduction for Indiana residents who obtain: (1) a bachelor or an associate degree from a postsecondary educational institution; or (2) a certificate from a high value workforce certificate program, as determined by the commission for higher education (commission); in taxable years immediately following the taxable year in which the individual obtained the degree or certificate. Provides that a qualified individual is entitled to the tax deduction in each of the first two or four taxable years, depending on the type of degree or certificate obtained, that begin immediately following the taxable year in which the qualified individual completed the applicable educational program. Provides that the tax deduction for a particular qualified year is equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount of the individual's Indiana adjusted gross income; or (2) \$50,000. Requires the commission to, in part, determine and certify an individual's eligibility for the tax

deduction.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By O'brien, Tim

- HB1122 REGULATION OF SEXUALLY ORIENTED BUSINESSES (SPEEDY M) Provides that a sexually oriented business may not operate within 1,000 feet of specified facilities that cater to minors. Allows preexisting sexually oriented businesses until July 1, 2025, to conform their operation to the statute. Establishes a civil enforcement mechanism. Repeals the existing law concerning sexually explicit materials. Makes conforming amendments.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Local Government
- All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading
- 1/4/2022 - Authored By Mike Speedy
- HB1127 CONSTITUTIONAL CARRY (JACOB J) Repeals the law that requires a person to obtain a license to carry a handgun in Indiana. Provides that a nonresident of Indiana may carry a handgun in Indiana without possessing a license or permit to carry a handgun from the person's state of residence. Allows a member of the: (1) general assembly; (2) general assembly's professional staff; or (3) lobby registration commission; to possess a handgun on the Indiana government center campus if the person is otherwise permitted to possess a handgun. Allows a person who wishes to carry a handgun in another state under a reciprocity agreement entered into by Indiana and the other state to obtain a license to carry a handgun. Beginning July 1, 2022, permits a person not otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm under state or federal law to possess a firearm on any property that is: (1) affiliated with; (2) operated or managed by; (3) owned by; or (4) leased by; the department of natural resources. Defines certain terms. Makes conforming amendments.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Public Policy
- All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading
- 1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Nisly, Payne, Jeter
- 1/4/2022 - Authored By John Jacob
- HB1128 INDEPENDENT AUDIT OF GOVERNMENT RESPONSE TO COVID (JACOB J) Establishes the select COVID-19 audit commission to conduct an independent, in depth, and extensive audit of the COVID-19 state disaster emergency and the response of government and society to COVID-19. Makes an appropriation.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Government and Regulatory Reform
- All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading
- 1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Nisly, Payne, Borders
- 1/4/2022 - Authored By John Jacob
- HB1129 SALE OF RESIDENCE FOR DELINQUENT TAXES PROHIBITED (JACOB J) Provides that an individual's homestead may not be seized or offered for sale or auction based on delinquent property taxes owed by the individual.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means
- All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading
- 1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Nisly and Borders
- 1/4/2022 - Authored By John Jacob
- HB1130 PUBLIC COMMENT AT MEETINGS (O'BRIEN T) Requires a governing body of a state or local public agency (governing body) to allow members of the public to provide oral public comment at a public meeting. Allows a governing body to permit oral public comment at a public meeting that is conducted electronically during a state or local disaster emergency.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Authored By O'brien, Tim
- HB1131 EMERGENCY POWERS AND ORDERS (LUCAS J) Removes specified emergency powers of the governor. Provides that an emergency order issued by: (1) the Indiana state department of health expires after 14 days unless renewal is authorized by the general assembly; and (2) a local health officer order expires after 14 days unless renewal is authorized by the local legislative body. Makes conforming amendments.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Rules and Legislative Procedures
- All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading
- 1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Prescott, Payne, Judy
- 1/4/2022 - Authored By Jim Lucas
- HB1132 FIREARMS MATTERS (LUCAS J) Allows a person to possess or carry a handgun without a license unless the person: (1) has been convicted of certain crimes or delinquent offenses; (2) has been prohibited by a court from possessing a

handgun or has been found by a court to be dangerous; or (3) has been found by a court to be mentally incompetent, has been involuntarily committed, or has been the subject of a 90 day or regular commitment. Repeals the current offense of carrying a handgun without a license and makes it a Class A misdemeanor for certain persons to possess or carry a handgun. Increases the penalty to a Level 5 felony in some instances. Makes conforming amendments and repeals obsolete provisions. Makes a technical correction.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Public Policy

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Jim Lucas

HB1136

NET METERING FOR ELECTRICITY GENERATION (COOK A) Amends the statute concerning distributed electricity generation as follows: (1) Defines a "public use customer" of an electricity supplier as a customer that is: (A) a school corporation; or (B) a local unit. (2) Provides that an electricity supplier's net metering tariff must be made and remain available to customers until the earlier of: (A) January 1 of the first calendar year after the calendar year in which the aggregate amount of net metering facility nameplate capacity under the electricity supplier's net metering tariff equals at least 3% (versus 1.5% under current law) of the electricity supplier's most recent summer peak load; or (B) July 1, 2025 (versus July 1, 2022, under current law). (3) Provides that before July 1, 2022, an electricity supplier shall amend its net metering tariff, or file a new net metering tariff with the utility regulatory commission (IURC), to do the following: (A) Establish as the allowed limit on the aggregate amount of net metering facility nameplate capacity under the tariff an amount equal to at least 3% of the electricity supplier's most recent summer peak load. (B) Allow a public use customer that: (i) operates a net metering facility on a premises that the public use customer owns or controls before the installation of the net metering facility; and (ii) is billed by the electricity supplier for electricity measured at more than one meter; to choose to be billed or credited for the difference between the kilowatt hours delivered by the electricity supplier as measured by any one or more of those meters, not to exceed three, and the kilowatt hours generated and delivered to the electricity supplier by the net metering facility. (4) Provides that before July 1, 2022, the IURC shall make similar amendments to its net metering rules. (5) Specifies that any repairs, updates, or upgrades to portions of a net metering facility that do not increase the nameplate capacity of the net metering facility are not considered a replacement of the net metering facility for purposes of certain provisions providing for the extended availability of an electricity supplier's net metering tariff for customers that install a net metering facility before certain specified deadlines. (6) Specifies that net metering customers must comply with certain safety, performance, and reliability standards with which customers that produce distributed generation must comply. (7) Specifies that a net metering customer has certain rights regarding the installation and ownership of a net metering facility that a customer that produces distributed generation has with respect to the installation and ownership of distributed generation equipment. (8) Adds a noncode provision staying the implementation of a rate or tariff for the procurement of excess distributed generation for which an electricity supplier has applied or received approval from the IURC under current law, until such time as the conditions for the expiration of the electricity supplier's net metering tariff, as set forth in the bill, apply to the electricity supplier.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Schaibley

1/6/2022 - Authored By Anthony Cook

HB1137

PROTECTIVE ORDERS (COOK A) Provides that an order for protection issued ex parte or upon notice and a hearing, or a modification of an order for protection issued ex parte or upon notice and a hearing, is effective: (1) for two years after the date of issuance; or (2) indefinitely after the date of issuance if the respondent is required to register as a lifetime sex or violent offender; unless another date is ordered by the court.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative McNamara

1/6/2022 - Authored By Anthony Cook

HB1138

SPEEDING (COOK A) Provides that a person who recklessly operates a vehicle at a speed more than 24 miles per hour above the posted maximum speed limit for a highway commits a Class C misdemeanor, unless the offense causes bodily injury to a person or damages the property of another person. Requires a juvenile court to recommend the suspension of the driving privileges of a child who causes bodily injury to a person while recklessly driving more than 24 miles per hour above the posted maximum speed limit for a highway. Provides that the court shall require a delinquent child to pay the fine that would be imposed for a Class A misdemeanor if committed by an adult if the delinquent child causes bodily injury to a person while the child recklessly is driving more than 24 miles per hour above the posted maximum speed limit for a highway. Provides that an amount paid by a delinquent child must be deposited in the county's guardian ad litem fund or court appointed special advocate fund.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Anthony Cook

- HB1139 REGULATION OF DAMS (LEONARD D) Provides that the laws regulating dams apply only to a structure that meets two or more of the following conditions: (1) Exceeds 20 feet in height. (2) Has a drainage area above the dam of more than one square mile. (3) Impounds a volume of more than 100 acre-feet of water. Requires the department of natural resources (department) to establish a classification system for dams based on: (1) the height of the structure and the volume of water impounded by the structure; and (2) the force of the water and the likely consequences resulting from the uncontrolled release of its contents due to a failure or misoperation of the structure. Changes the classification categories for dams from high hazard, significant hazard, and low hazard to high capacity, significant capacity, and low capacity. Changes the standard to determine potential consequences for a failure from "may cause" to "likely to cause". Requires the department to have jurisdiction over a dam to raise the dam's classification to high capacity upon receiving a request from a downstream owner. Provides that changes to the law do not affect past inspections.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Committee on Natural Resources  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Daniel Leonard
- HB1143 DURATION OF THE FIRST REGULAR SESSION (STEUERWALD G) Changes the deadline for the general assembly to adjourn sine die in an odd-numbered year from April 29 to April 15.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Rules and Legislative Procedures  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Gregory Steuerwald
- HB1145 SCHOOL BOARD ELECTIONS (MORRISON A) Requires candidates for school board offices to be nominated in the same manner as candidates for all other elected offices are nominated. Repeals the current statute relating to nomination of candidates for school board offices. Repeals other superseded statutes. Makes conforming changes.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Elections and Apportionment  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Morris  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Alan Morrison
- HB1149 HOME BASED VENDORS (LEHE D) Specifies the requirements for the preparation and sale of food products as a home based vendor. Reorganizes provisions concerning the sale of certain food products by an individual vendor at a farmers' market or roadside stand. Requires an individual who sells rabbits at a farmers' market or roadside stand to comply with certain requirements. Makes conforming changes.
- Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - House Agriculture and Rural Development, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Agriculture and Rural Development  
1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Clere, Davisson J., Bauer M  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Don Lehe
- HB1150 AUTOMATED TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT IN SCHOOL ZONES (JOHNSON B) Authorizes a county, city, or town to adopt and enforce an ordinance that regulates the placement and use of automated traffic enforcement safety devices (devices) to detect certain traffic offenses (offenses) in school zones. Provides civil penalties for offenses and violations. Specifies that the civil penalty must be applied first to defray the cost of the installation, operation, and maintenance of the devices, and specifies the manner in which the remaining funds are distributed. Prohibits the: (1) reporting of offenses and violations on a driving record; (2) use of offenses and violations to determine rates for motor vehicle insurance; and (3) assessment of points under the point system by the bureau of motor vehicles (bureau) for offenses and violations. Requires notification to the bureau if offenses and violations have not been paid timely. Requires the bureau to suspend the registration of a vehicle when the offenses and violations have not been paid. Makes other changes and conforming amendments.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Roads and Transportation  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Gore  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Blake Johnson
- HB1153 WORKER'S COMPENSATION (LEHMAN M) Provides that if, after the occurrence of an accident, compensation is paid for temporary total disability or temporary partial disability, then the two year limitation period to file an application for adjustment of claim begins to run on the last date for which the compensation was paid. Increases benefits for injuries and disablements by 2% each year for four years, beginning on July 1, 2022. Adds the following to the definition of "medical service facility" under the worker's compensation law: (1) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center. (2) An office where the practice of an occupational therapist, a physical therapist, or a physician or a group of



physicians is owned by a hospital. Makes certain changes to the definition of "pecuniary liability". Establishes clean claim payment requirements related to worker's compensation claims. Makes conforming amendments.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative VanNatter  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Matt Lehman

- HB1155      SUMMONS TO APPEAR AND PRETRIAL MATTERS (PRYOR C) Adds additional conditions to an agreement to withhold prosecution including: (1) waiver of fees; (2) right to legal counsel; and (3) collecting and reporting of demographic information. Requires the court to collect demographic information as it relates to the withholding of prosecution and to report the information to the office of judicial administration (office). Requires the office to provide an annual report that includes demographic information and the withholding of prosecution to the governor, chief justice, and the legislative council before December 1 of each year. Provides that in lieu of arresting a person who has allegedly committed a misdemeanor (other than a traffic misdemeanor) in a law enforcement officer's presence, the officer shall issue a summons and promise to appear unless the person: (1) has committed a violent misdemeanor offense that involves a victim or a weapon or involves an offense related to the impaired operation of a motor vehicle; (2) poses a safety risk to the person, the officer, or the public; or (3) has falsely identified the person to the officer. Provides, however, that the law enforcement officer is not required to issue a summons if the person: (1) is subject to arrest for another offense; (2) has violated the terms of supervised release; or (3) has an outstanding warrant. Requires that the summons set forth substantially the nature of the offense and direct the person to appear before a court at a stated place and time not later than two business days after issuance of the summons.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Cherrish Pryor
- HB1156      PENALTIES FOR SEX OFFENSES (JACOB J) Provides that a person who commits certain sex offenses in which the victim of an offense is less than 18 years of age shall be sentenced to: (1) a nonsuspendible sentence; or (2) life imprisonment without parole. Increases the penalty range for the offense of child sexual trafficking.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Borders  
1/6/2022 - Authored By John Jacob
- HB1157      TOWNSHIP BUDGET (CAMPBELL C) Provides the following with regard to a township that fails to fix its budget, tax rate, and tax levy, or submit its estimated budget and other information to the department of local government finance's computer gateway: (1) The township's most recent annual tax levy continues for the ensuing budget year. (2) The township board must adopt and the township trustee must approve a resolution to continue the township's most recent annual appropriations for the ensuing budget year. (Current law provides that both levy and appropriations continue for the ensuing budget year without any action by the township board and trustee.) Provides that if a resolution is not adopted and approved, all appropriations during the ensuing budget year must be approved by the township board on a monthly basis. Provides that the township trustee is personally liable for disbursing funds without a prior appropriation.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Government and Regulatory Reform
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Chris Campbell
- HB1160      RETAIL SALE OF DOGS OR CATS (CAMPBELL C) Provides that a retail pet store may not sell or offer to sell a dog or cat unless the dog or cat was obtained from an animal rescue organization or a government entity that operates an animal shelter or impounding facility. Requires that a retail pet store maintain certain records for not less than one year after the dog or cat is sold, adopted, or given away. Provides that a retail pet store must post the name and business address of the person or organization from which the dog or cat was obtained on the dog's or cat's cage. Makes it a Class C infraction if a retail pet store violates these provisions.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Commerce, Small Business and Economic Development
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Saunders  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Chris Campbell
- HB1161      SALES TAX HOLIDAY (CAMPBELL C) Defines "clothing", "backpack", "school supply", and "computer". Provides a sales and use tax exemption period beginning on August 1 through August 7 of each year for the following items: (1) A backpack or school supply, if the backpack or school supply is purchased for use by a student in a public or private

elementary or secondary school, and if the sales price of the backpack or school supply does not exceed \$100. (2) Certain articles of clothing, if the sales price of the article of clothing does not exceed \$100. (3) A computer, if the computer is purchased for use by a student in a public or private elementary or secondary school, and if the sales price of the computer does not exceed \$500.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Chris Campbell

HB1162 PAID FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE PROGRAM (CAMPBELL C) Requires the department of workforce development (department) to establish a paid family and medical leave program to provide payments for employees who take family and medical leave. Establishes the family and medical leave fund to be funded with appropriations from the general assembly and payroll contributions. Specifies requirements for administration of the paid family and medical leave program. Provides for the department to approve an employer's use of a private plan to meet the paid family and medical leave program obligations.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Boy

1/6/2022 - Authored By Chris Campbell

HB1165 CRIMINAL JUSTICE STUDY COMMITTEE AND REFORM (BARTLETT J) Establishes the criminal justice study committee (committee) to conduct a multiyear, comprehensive study of the criminal justice system. Establishes the criminal justice reform commission (commission). Provides for the: (1) membership; (2) membership terms; (3) appointing authorities; (4) quorum requirements; (5) reporting requirements; (6) member per diems; and (7) study topics; for the commission.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Rules and Legislative Procedures

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By John Bartlett

HB1167 BUREAU OF MOTOR VEHICLES (PRESSEL J) Allows an advanced practice registered nurse to sign certain health documents concerning driving privileges. Requires the bureau of motor vehicles (bureau) to establish and maintain an audit working group. Provides that meetings of the audit working group are not subject to open door laws. Provides that the bureau, rather than the state board of accounts, is required to conduct an audit of each license branch. Requires the bureau to distribute at least one time each month the fees collected and deposited from certain special group recognition license plates. Repeals the law providing for the Earlham College trust license plate. Provides that a public agency or towing service that obtains the name and address of the owner of or lienholder on a vehicle shall, not later than three business days after obtaining the name and address, notify the owner of the vehicle and any lienholder on the vehicle, as indicated by the certificate of title or as discovered by a search of the National Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent and commonly available data base. Provides that an individual is not required to be a citizen of the United States as shown in the records of the bureau to apply for a replacement driver's license or learner's permit by electronic service. Removes the requirement that the bureau collect an administrative penalty if a dealer fails to apply for a certificate of title for a motor vehicle that is purchased or acquired in a state that does not have a certificate of title law. Makes technical corrections.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Roads and Transportation

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Saunders

1/6/2022 - Authored By Jim Pressel

HB1169 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH MATTERS (CLERE E) Repeals and relocates laws concerning: (1) rules regulating the sanitary operation of tattoo parlors and body piercing facilities; (2) allowing the executive board of the state department of health (board) to adopt rules on behalf of the state department of health (department); (3) allowing the board to adopt emergency rules; (4) sanitation of public buildings and institutions; and (5) authority to adopt rules concerning the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments. Repeals laws concerning: (1) safety guidelines for children during bad weather conditions; (2) automated external defibrillator rules in health clubs; (3) requiring the state health commissioner (commissioner) to comment on certain rules; (4) fees for serological tests; (5) the administrative unit for special institutions; (6) protection and regulation of department property; (7) allowing a parent of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing to opt out of the administration of the annual assessment; and (8) the registry of blind persons. Removes intemperance as a reason to remove a local health officer. Specifies that the department may request the office of administrative law proceedings to designate a person to administer a proceeding. Requires the department to provide facilities and disseminate information to the public concerning oral public health. Allows the department to have a designee to maintain a 24 hour poisons answering service. Adds information on prenatal care to the department's telephone information service concerning children with long term health care needs. Changes the reference from "illegal drug use" to "substance use disorder" for purposes of

partnership and joint ventures with the department. Requires the department to employ a licensed physician as the chief medical officer. Allows the chief medical officer to perform the functions of the commissioner when the commissioner is not available. Specifies that the state health laboratory (laboratory) must be used to support public health. Changes the title of the person who manages the laboratory. Removes certain requirements concerning the appointment of the laboratory director and chemist. Removes a requirement that a director must report to the commissioner. Requires holders of a certificate of public advantage to pay for reasonable charges incurred by the department. Changes the requirement that the department "shall" to "may" use information compiled by a public or private entity to the greatest extent possible to develop a chronic disease registry. Allows the department to issue a certificate of free sale to a business that meets certain requirements. Amends the definition of "person" for purposes of the state health improvement plan and grant program. Amends the definition of "deaf or hard of hearing" for purposes of the laws governing language development for children who are deaf or hard of hearing. Requires a county coroner to perform a comprehensive autopsy before certifying the cause of death as sudden unexplained infant death. Makes technical and conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Public Health

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Barrett, Lehman, Fleming

1/6/2022 - Authored By Edward Clere

HB1170 ARRESTEE PUBLICITY (SAUNDERS T) Prohibits a law enforcement agency that has arrested a person from: (1) sharing the arrestee's name or booking photo on social media; (2) publishing the arrestee's name or booking photo on the agency's Internet web site; or (3) disclosing the arrestee's name or booking photo during a press conference. Allows disclosure if: (1) the arrestee is a fugitive; (2) the arrestee presents an imminent threat to public safety; (3) a court orders the disclosure; or (4) exigent circumstances necessitate disclosure.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Pierce

1/6/2022 - Authored By Thomas Saunders

HB1171 PROPERTY TAX DEDUCTION FOR QUALIFIED VETERANS (GUTWEIN D) Provides a property tax deduction for an individual or surviving spouse of a veteran who has been rated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as individually unemployable.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Cherry

1/6/2022 - Authored By Doug Gutwein

HB1172 EMINENT DOMAIN BY PUBLIC UTILITIES (CHERRY R) Defines a "pipeline company" and a "public utility" for purposes of the statute governing the general procedures to be used in acquiring property by eminent domain. Amends the statute with respect to an eminent domain action filed by a public utility or a pipeline company after June 30, 2022, as follows: (1) Provides that the public utility or pipeline company must pay the defendant landowner not less than the amount of damages specified in the court appraisers' report for the property or easement condemned, subject to the landowner's right to file written exceptions to the court appraisers' assessment and proceed to trial. (2) Eliminates a provision in current law exempting a plaintiff public utility or pipeline company from having to pay a defendant's reasonable costs and attorney's fees (not to exceed \$25,000) incurred by the defendant in filing an objection to an eminent domain action, if the objection is sustained by a trial court or on appeal. (3) Requires a plaintiff public utility or pipeline company to pay to the circuit court clerk the amount of damages assessed by the court appraisers. (Current law allows a plaintiff in an eminent domain action to pay such amount to the court in order to take possession of and hold interest in the property acquired.) (4) Provides that the plaintiff public utility's or pipeline company's required offer of settlement before trial may not be less than the amount of damages specified in the court appraisers' report for the property or easement condemned. (5) Makes conforming amendments. Amends the statute with respect to an eminent domain action filed by any plaintiff to provide that if there is a trial and the amount of damages awarded to the defendant by the judgment is greater than the amount specified in the plaintiff's last offer of settlement, the court shall award the defendant costs, including reasonable attorney's fees, in an amount not to exceed the fair market value of the defendant's property or easement (versus an amount not to exceed the lesser of: (1) \$25,000; or (2) the fair market value of the defendant's property or easement; under current law).

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Judiciary

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Negele

1/6/2022 - Authored By Robert Cherry

HB1174 DESIGNATION OF CORONER AS A FIRST RESPONDER (VANNATTER H) Adds county coroners to the list of designated first responders.

*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety  
1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Saunders  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Heath VanNatter

- HB1176 ALLEYS (SUMMERS V) Requires cities to use a percentage of the funds distributed from the motor vehicle highway account for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, and maintenance of alleys. Provides that the percentage allocated for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, and maintenance of alleys is based on population parameters.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Roads and Transportation  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Vanessa Summers
- HB1177 PROHIBITION OF RACE DISCRIMINATION BASED ON HAIR (SUMMERS V) Prohibits race discrimination based on traits historically associated with race, such as hair texture and protective hairstyles.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Education  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Vanessa Summers
- HB1182 SCHOOL BOARD ELECTIONS (PRESCOTT J) Provides that for school board offices, each candidate's affiliation with a political party or status as an independent candidate must be stated on the ballot.  
*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - House Elections and Apportionment, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Elections and Apportionment  
1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Wesco and Morris  
1/6/2022 - Authored By J.D. Prescott
- HB1184 REGULATION OF PFAS CONTAMINANTS (DVORAK R) Requires the state department of health (state department) to establish state maximum contaminant levels for PFAS in water provided by public water systems. Provides that maximum contaminant levels established by the state department: (1) must be protective of public health, including the health of vulnerable subpopulations; and (2) may not be less stringent than any maximum contaminant level or health advisory promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Environmental Affairs  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Ryan Dvorak
- HB1186 FERTILIZER RUNOFF AND LAKE MICHIGAN DISCHARGES (DVORAK R) Amends the water pollution control law effective July 1, 2024, to: (1) eliminate an exception to the prohibition against causing water pollution that applies to fertilizer runoff from a field in a storm event or irrigation return flow if the fertilizer was applied to the land in compliance with rules of the state chemist; (2) eliminate a provision requiring the commissioner of the department of environmental management (commissioner) to allow for a mixing zone in a permit that involves a discharge into Lake Michigan if the permit applicant can demonstrate that the mixing zone will not cause harm to human health or aquatic life; and (3) eliminate a provision under which the commissioner, in issuing a permit authorizing a discharge into a mixing zone in Lake Michigan, is required to allow for mixing initiated by the use of submerged, high rate diffuser outfall structures (or their equivalent) that provide turbulent initial mixing and minimize organism exposure times. Makes conforming changes.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Environmental Affairs  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Ryan Dvorak
- HB1191 CHILD EXPLOITATION AND CHILD PORNOGRAPHY (KARICKHOFF M) Provides that a person who knowingly or intentionally produces, disseminates, or possesses with intent to disseminate an image that depicts or describes sexual conduct: (1) by a child who the person knows is less than 18 years of age; (2) by a child who appears to be less than 18 years of age and the representation of the image is obscene; or (3) that is a representation of a child who appears to be less than 18 years of age and the representation of the image is obscene; commits the offense of child exploitation. Provides that a person who knowingly or intentionally receives, possesses, or accesses with intent to view an image that depicts or describes sexual conduct: (1) by a child who the person knows is less than 18 years of age; (2) by a child who appears to be less than 18 years of age and the representation of the image is obscene; or (3) that is a representation of a child who appears to be less than 18 years of age and the representation of the image is obscene; commits the offense of possession of child pornography. Specifies that it is not a required element

of the offense of child exploitation or possession of child pornography that the child depicted actually exists under certain circumstances. Defines "image". Makes conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Steuerwald and VanNatter

1/6/2022 - Authored By Michael Karickhoff

HB1193 OPIOID LITIGATION (KARICKHOFF M) Amends the deadline by which a political subdivision may opt back in to an opioid litigation settlement. Limits the manner by which a political subdivision may pay for the costs, expenses, and attorney's fees arising from opioid litigation. Changes the basis by which the agency settlement fund distributes funds to cities, counties, and towns. Reduces the percentage of opioid litigation settlement funds distributed for use of statewide treatment, education, and prevention programs for opioid use disorder. Provides that 35% of opioid litigation settlement funds are to be distributed to political subdivisions for treatment, education, and prevention programs for opioid use disorder. Removes certain requirements for the secretary of family and social services administration concerning the allocation of funds received from an opioid litigation settlement.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Michael Karickhoff

HB1195 DRIVING RECORD CARDS (KARICKHOFF M) Provides that an individual who is an Indiana resident and cannot provide proof of identity and lawful status in the United States may apply for a driving record card learner's permit and driving record card to obtain driving privileges. Provides that a driving record card learner's permit and driving record card may not be used for federal identification or any other federal purpose. Provides that a driving record card learner's permit and driving record card may not be used for the purpose of voting or employment verification. Requires an individual who holds a driving record card learner's permit or driving record card and operates a motor vehicle to verify and continuously maintain financial responsibility on any motor vehicle the holder operates in the amount required by law. Provides that the bureau of motor vehicles may not disclose certain information unless presented with a lawful court order or judicial warrant. Makes conforming amendments. Makes technical corrections.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Roads and Transportation

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives King and Gore

1/6/2022 - Authored By Michael Karickhoff

HB1196 HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATIONS AND SOLAR POWER (SPEEDY M) Provides that, subject to certain specified exceptions, a homeowners association may not: (1) prohibit the owner of a dwelling unit from installing a solar energy system; (2) impose unreasonable limitations on the owner's ability to install or use a solar energy system; or (3) require the removal of a solar energy system that has been installed. Provides, however, that a homeowners association may require preapproval by the homeowners association of the location of a solar energy system and of the manner in which the solar energy system is installed. Applies only to rules, covenants, declarations of restrictions, and other governing documents adopted or amended by a homeowners association after June 30, 2022.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Judiciary

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Torr

1/6/2022 - Authored By Mike Speedy

HB1198 VETERANS' PROPERTY TAX DEDUCTION (BAUER M) Eliminates the assessed value cap that applies to the property tax deduction for a veteran who: (1) has a total disability; or (2) is at least 62 years of age and has at least a 10% disability.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Pack

1/6/2022 - Authored By Maureen Bauer

HB1199 ANIMAL FACILITY FIRE SAFETY (ANDRADE M) Defines "animal facility". Makes it a Class C infraction if an animal facility fails to have: (1) certain automatic fire sprinkler systems; (2) certain automatic fire alarm systems; or (3) staff present at all times when dogs or cats are on the premises. Requires the state fire marshal to annually inspect certain animal facilities to determine compliance with fire sprinkler and fire alarm laws.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Mike Andrade

- HB1200 REPEAL OF SUPPLEMENTAL FEE ON ELECTRIC VEHICLES (ANDRADE M) Repeals the supplemental fees imposed on electric and hybrid vehicles.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Mike Andrade
- HB1203 CLOSED CAPTIONING (ANDRADE M) Requires that an owner or operator of a public accommodation must activate closed captioning on all television receivers that are in use during regular hours. Allows the civil rights commission (commission) to investigate violations and enforce compliance. Provides that the commission may impose a civil penalty of \$75 for each violation. Establishes certain notice requirements. Requires that the commission waive a civil penalty if an owner or operator complies not later than 30 days after a notice is mailed for the first violation.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Commerce, Small Business and Economic Development  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Morris, Zent, Slager  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Mike Andrade
- HB1206 RAILROAD TRACK CROSSINGS (YOUNG J) Provides that a railroad company must make, maintain, and repair certain of its crossings at its expense unless certain conditions are met.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Roads and Transportation  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By John Young
- HB1209 CARBON SEQUESTRATION PROJECTS (SOLIDAY E) Provides for the mechanism for underground storage of carbon dioxide in Indiana. Makes conforming changes.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Natural Resources  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Edmond Soliday
- HB1214 RESIDENTIAL EVICTION ACTIONS (MANNING E) Defines an "eviction action information provider" as a person that compiles, furnishes, or publishes information that: (1) concerns an eviction action that is filed in a court in Indiana; and (2) is available in records kept by a clerk of a court in Indiana with jurisdiction over the eviction action (eviction action information). Prohibits an eviction action information provider from knowingly compiling, furnishing, or publishing eviction action information if: (1) a court has issued an order under the bill's provisions prohibiting disclosure of any records in the eviction action; (2) the record of the eviction action has otherwise been restricted by: (A) a court order; or (B) court rules; and is marked as restricted from public disclosure or is removed from public access; or (3) the eviction action information provider knows that the eviction action information is inaccurate. Prohibits an eviction action information provider from knowingly compiling, furnishing, or publishing eviction action information if the eviction action information fails to reflect material changes to the official record occurring at least 60 days before the date the eviction action information is compiled, furnished, or published. Provides that a violation of these provisions is a deceptive act that is actionable under the deceptive consumer sales act. Requires the plaintiff in a residential eviction action to file a motion to dismiss the action if the case is resolved between the parties at any time before final adjudication, unless the plaintiff is seeking damages. Provides that if, at any time after an eviction action is filed, no action has been taken by the plaintiff to further prosecute the case for a period of at least 180 days, the court shall provide to the parties written notice: (1) stating the date of the most recent action taken by the plaintiff in the case; and (2) directing the plaintiff to take action to either: (A) further prosecute the case; or (B) dismiss the case; not later than 10 business days after the date of the notice. Provides that if the plaintiff fails to take any action within the prescribed time: (1) the defendant may petition the court to dismiss the case; or (2) the court on its own motion may dismiss the case. Provides that a residential eviction diversion program may not be offered or operated on a statewide or local basis unless: (1) participation in the program is voluntary for all parties; and (2) a local, state, or federal rental assistance program is operational, and funding is available to the parties. Requires the court in which an eviction action is filed to order the clerk of the court and the operator of any state, regional, or local case management system not to disclose or permit disclosure of any records in the case, subject to certain exceptions, if any of the following occur: (1) The action is dismissed. (2) A judgment in favor of the tenant is entered. (3) A judgment against the tenant is later overturned or vacated on appeal. (4) After a judgment is entered against the tenant, the tenant pays all amounts owed to the landlord, resulting in the dismissal of a damages hearing. Provides that if: (1) an eviction action, regardless of when it was filed, results in one of the specified outcomes allowing for the nondisclosure of records in the action; and (2) the court does not issue an order prohibiting the disclosure of any records in the action; the tenant in the action may petition the court in which the eviction action was filed to issue an order prohibiting the disclosure of any records in the action in accordance with the bill's provisions. Provides that the court may: (1) issue an order prohibiting the disclosure of any records in the action; or (2) set the matter for a hearing. Provides that the petitioner bears the burden of proof in any hearing set by the court. Requires the clerk of

court or other court administrator to: (1) track all eviction actions with respect to which a nondisclosure order is issued by the court; and (2) on an annual basis: (A) compile, as aggregate data that is subject to public inspection, the information tracked; and (B) include the compiled data in the statutorily required statistical data provided to the office of judicial administration (office) on a periodic basis. Requires the office to include the data provided by the courts in the Indiana Judicial Report.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Judiciary

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Jeter

1/6/2022 - Authored By Ethan Manning

HB1215 WORK SHARING UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE PROGRAM (HATFIELD R) Establishes a work sharing unemployment insurance program (program). Requires an employer that desires to participate in the program to submit a work sharing plan for approval by the commissioner of the department of workforce development. Establishes the work sharing benefit as equal to an affected employee's unemployment benefit reduced by a percentage equal to the percentage of the employee's normal weekly work hours that the employee works under the approved work sharing plan.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Ryan Hatfield

HB1219 BEER WHOLESALERS AND MIXED BEVERAGES (JETER C) Provides that a beer wholesaler may possess, transport, sell, and deliver mixed beverages only to a person who holds certain alcohol permits. Allows a beer wholesaler to sell, donate, transport, and deliver mixed beverages to certain qualified organizations. Requires the alcohol and tobacco commission to adopt certain rules regarding mixed beverages. Provides that a beer wholesaler's bona fide regular employees may purchase mixed beverages from the wholesaler in an amount not to exceed 18 liters at any one time. Provides that a beer wholesaler permittee may not extend credit for the sale of mixed beverages. Provides that a beer wholesaler that wholesales mixed beverages may not be required to apply for or maintain a liquor wholesaler's permit or to pay a fee to wholesale mixed beverages. Provides that a beer wholesaler that wholesales mixed beverages may keep or store mixed beverages at certain premises. Modifies the definition of "liquor" and adds a definition of "mixed beverage".

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Public Policy

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Steuerwald and Moed

1/6/2022 - Authored By Chris Jeter

HB1221 ELECTRIC VEHICLES AND ELECTRICITY PRICING (SOLIDAY E) Provides that a person that: (1) owns, operates, or leases electric vehicle (EV) supply equipment; and (2) makes the EV supply equipment available for use by the public for compensation; may charge the public for such use based in whole or in part on the kilowatt hours of electricity sold, subject to periodic inspection of the person's EV supply equipment by the division of weights and measures (division) of the state department of health (department). Specifies that a person that makes EV supply equipment available for use by the public for compensation, regardless of whether the person charges the public for such use based on: (1) the kilowatt hours of electricity sold; (2) the amount of time spent by an EV at a designated charging space; or (3) a combination of both; is not a public utility solely by reason of engaging in this activity. Requires the department to adopt emergency rules to establish standards to be used by the division, or by inspectors authorized by the division, in inspecting EV supply equipment. Provides that the standards adopted by the department must be the same as, or at least as effective as, the draft or final requirements for EV fueling devices adopted by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Authorizes the utility regulatory commission (IURC) to approve: (1) time-varying price structures and tariffs; or (2) other alternative pricing structures and tariffs; for retail energy service. Defines a "public use electric vehicle" (public use EV) as any of the following electric vehicles that is used primarily to serve the public: (1) An electric school bus. (2) An electric transit bus. (3) An electric vehicle used by a public or private commercial enterprise primarily to deliver goods or services to the public. Authorizes an electric utility (defined as a public utility that is subject to the jurisdiction of the IURC) to request approval from the IURC to implement a public use EV pilot program (pilot program) to do any of the following: (1) Install, own, or operate charging infrastructure or make-ready infrastructure to support public use EVs. (2) Provide incentives or rebates to customers to encourage customer investment in public use EVs and in associated EV supply equipment. Sets forth certain required information that an electric utility's request for approval of a pilot program must include. Provides that an electric utility's request for approval of a pilot program may include a request for: (1) assurance of cost recovery for pilot program costs, up to the amount of an approved cost estimate; and (2) deferral of pilot program costs. Sets forth the processes by which an electric utility may request the IURC's approval of a pilot program. Provides that the IURC shall approve an electric utility's request for approval of a pilot program if the IURC determines that the proposed pilot program is reasonable, just, and in the public interest. Sets forth certain factors that the IURC must consider in making this determination. Specifies that an electric utility is not prohibited from: (1) installing, owning, or

operating charging infrastructure or make-ready infrastructure for electric vehicles; and (2) seeking to include the associated costs in the electric utility's basic rates and charges by initiating a proceeding before the IURC. Provides that in such a case, the IURC shall approve the inclusion of the costs in the electric utility's basic rates and charges if the IURC finds that the costs incurred are reasonable, just, and in the public interest. Requires the IURC to adopt rules to implement these provisions.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Manning

1/6/2022 - Authored By Edmond Soliday

HB1224

GOVERNMENT INVESTMENTS AND CONTRACTS (MANNING E) Provides that the state, a political subdivision, or a separate or independent body corporate and politic may not make certain investments in companies that boycott energy companies or companies that do business with energy companies. Provides that a state or local governmental body may not enter into a contract with certain companies for the purchase of supplies or services unless the contract contains a written verification from the company that the company does not boycott energy companies and will not boycott energy companies during the term of the contract.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Soliday

1/6/2022 - Authored By Ethan Manning

HB1225

ELIGIBILITY FOR SENIOR PROPERTY TAX DEDUCTION (SLAGER H) Increases the maximum assessed value of the real property from \$200,000 to \$300,000 to be eligible for the senior property tax deduction. Provides that the assessor shall provide a report to the county auditor describing any physical improvements to the property.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Harold Slager

HB1226

SOLID WASTE MATTERS (SPEEDY M) Establishes the central Indiana waste diversion pilot project for the purpose of determining the most practical and effective means of diverting recyclable materials from municipal waste streams for productive commercial reuse in industries using large quantities of raw materials. Requires the department of environmental management (department) to accept pilot project proposals from municipalities, to evaluate the proposals, to advise municipalities on potential enhancements to the proposals, and to assist in the preparation of applications for the funding of the proposals from the recycling promotion and assistance fund (fund). Requires the Indiana recycling market development board (board) to set aside an adequate sum of money in the fund for the funding of one or more pilot project proposals that are submitted to the department. Requires the board, in choosing among funding applications, to prioritize applications according to the total magnitude of the waste likely to be diverted from disposal and put to productive reuse under each application. Provides that the definition of "solid waste" does not include material that is discarded if: (1) the material, under federal regulations, is determined to be nonhazardous or exempted or excluded from regulation as a hazardous waste; and (2) the material is used as an ingredient in or a component of a product or as a commodity in a process that results in a product. Provides that: (1) a transfer station that holds a permit to haul or ship hazardous waste may haul or ship solid waste without also holding a permit to haul or ship solid waste; and (2) a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility that holds a permit to haul or ship hazardous waste may haul, ship, or process solid waste without also holding a permit to haul or ship solid waste. Requires the environmental rules board (rules board) to expeditiously adopt by rule all exemptions or exclusions from regulation as waste that are adopted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and set forth in the federal rule on the identification and listing of hazardous waste. Provides that until certain federal rule amendments that were adopted by the EPA on May 30, 2018, are adopted by the rules board, those amendments apply to the identification and listing of hazardous waste in Indiana just as if the amendments were already incorporated by reference into the rules of the rule board on the identification and listing of hazardous waste. Makes corresponding changes.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Environmental Affairs

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Mike Speedy

HB1227

SEX OFFENDER EMPLOYMENT RESTRICTIONS (LINDAUER S) Provides that an offender against children who knowingly or intentionally: (1) obtains employment within 1,000 feet of school property, not including property of an institution providing postsecondary education, a youth program center, a public park, or a licensed day care center; (2) obtains employment within one mile of the residence of the victim of the offender's sex offense; or (3) obtains employment where a child care provider provides child care services; commits a Level 6 felony. Defines "employment". Makes conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code



*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Shane Lindauer

- HB1229 VACCINES AND EMPLOYMENT (LINDAUER S) Provides that if an employer requires an employee to receive a COVID-19 vaccine, the employer must waive the COVID-19 vaccine requirement if an employee requests a waiver and submits certain statements to the employer on the basis of medical reasons, religious reasons, or previous COVID-19 infection. Provides that an individual is not disqualified from unemployment benefits if the individual has requested an exemption from an employer's COVID-19 immunization requirement, has complied with the requirements for seeking an exemption, and was discharged from employment for failing or refusing to receive an immunization against COVID-19. Provides that charges based on the wage credits shall only be charged to the experience or reimbursable account of the employer who discharged the employee for failing or refusing to receive an immunization against COVID-19.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Shane Lindauer
- HB1230 TELEMEDICINE SERVICES (LINDAUER S) Expands the application of the telehealth statute to additional practitioners.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Public Health  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Shane Lindauer
- HB1233 POSSESSION OF FIREARMS (PAYNE Z) Repeals provisions concerning the: (1) confiscation and retention of firearms from a dangerous person; (2) compilation and publication of statistics related to the confiscation and retention of firearms from a dangerous person; and (3) making of a false report that a person is dangerous. Modifies a provision concerning a petition to find that an individual is no longer dangerous.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Public Policy  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Nisly and Jacob  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Zach Payne
- HB1235 REDUCTION OF THE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATE (PAYNE Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, reduces the state individual adjusted gross income tax rate from 3.23% to 2.15%.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Prescott, Lucas, Jeter  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Zach Payne
- HB1237 PROPERTY TAXATION (CHERRY R) Allows a total tax rate levied upon the formation of a fire protection territory established after December 31, 2022, to be implemented over a number of years, not exceeding five, and subject to review and approval by the department of local government finance. Provides that the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy that would otherwise apply to a participating unit does not apply to property taxes imposed by the participating unit to meet obligations to the fire protection territory over the period of years in which a total tax rate is implemented. Provides that a participating unit's proceeds of property taxes imposed to meet the participating unit's obligations to a fire protection territory are exempt from areas needing redevelopment, redevelopment project areas, urban renewal project areas, economic development areas, or economic development districts established after December 31, 2021. Provides that incremental revenues may be used by a redevelopment commission to pay operating costs, in whole or in part, of: (1) a unit's law enforcement agency; (2) a unit's fire department, including a fire protection district established under IC 36-8-11 or a fire protection territory established under IC 36-8-19; and (3) emergency medical services operated or maintained by a unit; that serve the allocation area. Provides that incremental revenues shared by a redevelopment commission with a school corporation for an education or worker program may also be used by the school corporation to pay operating costs of the school corporation.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Thompson  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Robert Cherry
- HB1240 SCHOOL BOARD ELECTIONS (GOODRICH C) Requires candidates for school board offices to be nominated in the same manner as candidates for all other elected offices are nominated, beginning after 2022. Provides that for school board offices elected in 2022, the political affiliation of each candidate, or the candidate's statement that the candidate is an independent candidate, must be stated on the ballot. Provides that the current statute relating to nomination of candidates for school board offices expires on January 1, 2023. Repeals other superseded statutes. Makes conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Elections and Apportionment  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Prescott, Behning, Wesco  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Chuck Goodrich

- HB1244 BEREAVEMENT AND PARENTAL LEAVE (BAUER M) Provides three days of paid leave for an employee of a state agency or a political subdivision to attend the funeral of the employee's relative or grieve the death of the employee's relative or a miscarriage experienced by the employee or the employee's spouse. Provides 150 hours of paid leave for a full-time employee of a state agency or a political subdivision and 75 hours of paid leave for a part-time employee of a state agency or a political subdivision upon: (1) the birth of the employee's child; (2) the birth of a child to the employee's spouse; (3) the placement of a child for adoption with the employee; or (4) the stillbirth of the employee's child. Provides unpaid leave of not more than 10 working days for an employee under certain circumstances related to the death of the employee's child, a stillbirth, or a miscarriage. Prohibits an employer from taking an adverse employment action against an employee who exercises the rights provided by the unpaid leave requirements. Allows the department of labor to collect civil penalties if an employer violates the unpaid leave requirements. Provides that an employee may bring a civil action against an employer to enforce the unpaid leave requirements.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representative Jackson  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Maureen Bauer
- HB1245 CONNECTIONS TO WATER AND SEWER SYSTEMS (PRESSEL J) Prohibits a local unit or a water or wastewater utility from charging or collecting from a property owner a connection fee that: (1) is established after June 30, 2022; and (2) includes contributions in aid of construction. Provides that if a local unit or a utility charges a property owner a connection fee that is established after June 30, 2022, and that is based, in whole or in part, on contributions in aid of construction, the property owner may file with the Indiana utility regulatory commission (IURC), not later than 30 days after the date the connection fee is first imposed on the property owner, a petition challenging the connection fee. Provides that if the IURC determines the connection fee is based in whole or in part on contributions in aid of construction, the IURC shall invalidate the connection fee. Amends the Indiana Code section setting forth the powers of a regional water, sewer, or solid waste district (district) to eliminate the authority of a district to adopt an ordinance providing for a penalty of up to \$100 for a property owner's failure to connect to a sewer system operated by the district. Provides that any such ordinance adopted by a district before July 1, 2022: (1) may not be enforced; and (2) is void and of no effect; after June 30, 2022.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Jim Pressel
- HB1246 FIRE PROTECTION TERRITORIES (LEHE D) Provides that a fire protection territory that experiences more than 6% population growth during a 10 year period may increase its maximum property tax levy for 2023 or any year thereafter by an amount based on the population growth that exceeds 6%. Provides, however, that the fire protection territory may not increase the tax levy based on the population growth by a total rate of more than 0.15 per \$100 of the net assessed value of the fire protection territory area within a 10 year period.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Coauthored by Representatives Thompson and Cherry  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Don Lehe
- HB1249 CARBON SEQUESTRATION PILOT PROJECT (ABBOTT D) Changes the description of the carbon sequestration pilot project that is authorized under current law. Eliminates the requirement that the operator of the carbon sequestration pilot project be designated by the director of the department of natural resources. Defines "carbon sequestration claim" as a civil action alleging actual or potential infringement of, interference with, or damage to real or personal property rights or interests arising from: (1) the operation of the carbon sequestration pilot project; or (2) the actual or potential presence or migration in the subsurface of injectate from the carbon sequestration pilot project. Provides that a person may not maintain a carbon sequestration claim unless the person pleads and proves: (1) actual interference with the reasonable use of the person's property; or (2) direct and tangible physical damage to the person's property. Provides that a person asserting a carbon sequestration claim may not recover damages for the diminution of the value of the person's real property due solely to any perceived risk associated with the operation of the carbon sequestration pilot project.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Natural Resources  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By David Abbott

- HB1250 COMMUNITY SOLAR FACILITY PROGRAM (ERRINGTON S) Requires each electric utility other than a municipally owned utility or a rural electric membership corporation (electricity provider) to biennially establish, or issue a request for third party proposals to establish, at least five community solar facilities, in which customers of the electricity provider: (1) subscribe to pay for and receive a specified amount of electricity generated by the community solar facility; and (2) are credited by the electricity provider in each billing cycle for the amount of electricity from the community solar facility for which the customer subscribes. Establishes a process for: (1) solicitation and selection of proposals by an electricity provider for the construction, ownership, and operation of community solar facilities in the electricity provider's service area; (2) submission of a community solar facility project plan by each electricity provider to the Indiana utility regulatory commission (commission); and (3) review and approval of submitted community solar facility project plans by the commission.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Sue Errington
- HB1256 SUBDIVIDING LAND (ELLINGTON J) Requires a unit to allow a property owner to subdivide the owner's property by deed if certain requirements are met. Requires the property owner to file an application with the plan commission accompanied by a plat drawing, the recorded deed of the parent parcel, and any application fee. Provides that the application must be reviewed and approved by the plan commission staff or the plan director, without a public hearing or the approval of the plan commission. Provides that approval of the application does not exempt the property owner from complying with any other requirements regarding construction of a new single family residential home, including obtaining a building permit. Provides that if the number of lots that are created by the subdivision make the provisions of the subdivision ordinance applicable, the property owner must comply with the ordinance, except for any provisions controlling lot size.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to House Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Jeff Ellington
- HJR1 TOWN AND CITY COURT JUDGES (AYLESWORTH M) Provides that county, township, and town residency requirements prescribed by Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana do not apply to city or town court judges. This proposed amendment has not been previously agreed to by a general assembly.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Mike Aylesworth
- SB1 AUTOMATIC TAXPAYER REFUND (HOLDMAN T) Removes a provision that requires taxpayers to have adjusted gross income tax liability in order to qualify for an automatic taxpayer refund. Makes clarifying changes.  
*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Travis Holdman
- SB3 ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY (CHARBONNEAU E) Allows the secretary of family and social services (secretary) to issue a waiver of human services statutory provisions and administrative rules if the secretary determines that the waiver is necessary to claim certain enhanced federal matching funds available to the Medicaid program. Allows the secretary to issue an emergency declaration for purposes of participating in specified authorized federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) emergency allotments. Requires the secretary to prepare and submit any waivers or emergency declarations to the budget committee. Allows the state health commissioner of the state department of health or the commissioner's designated public health authority to issue standing orders, prescriptions, or protocols to administer or dispense certain immunizations for individuals who are at least five years old (current law limits the age for the commissioner's issuance of standing orders, prescriptions, and protocols for individuals who are at least 11 years old).  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Health and Provider Services  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Ed Charbonneau
- SB4 LOCAL WORKFORCE RECRUITING AND RETENTION (HOLDMAN T) Authorizes a local unit (county, municipality, town, township, or school corporation) to establish a workforce retention and recruitment program (program) and fund (fund) for the purposes of recruiting and retaining individuals who will satisfy the current and future workforce needs of the unit's employers or provide substantial economic impact to the unit, including providing incentives in the form of grants or loans to qualified workers. Defines "qualified worker" for purposes of the program. Requires a qualified worker who receives a grant or loan from the fund to enter into an incentive agreement. Authorizes the unit to

transfer money into the fund from other sources. Provides that the executive of the unit shall administer the fund in coordination with a workforce fund board of managers (workforce fund managers) appointed by the executive of the unit. Requires the workforce fund managers to annually submit a report setting out their activities during the preceding calendar year to the executive of the unit, the fiscal body of the unit, and the department of local government finance. Makes conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Travis Holdman

SB6 BAIL FOR VIOLENT ARRESTEES (YOUNG M) Defines "violent arrestee" and "minimum bail amount", and requires: (1) a court to review the probable cause affidavit or arrest warrant before releasing a violent arrestee on bail; (2) bail to be set following a hearing in open court; and (3) a violent arrestee released on bail to pay 100% of the minimum bail amount by cash deposit. Prohibits a third party who is not a close relative of the violent arrestee from posting bail for the violent arrestee.

*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - added as coauthor Senator Baldwin  
1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Senators Walker K and Crider  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Michael Young

SB7 MARION COUNTY CRIME REDUCTION PILOT (SANDLIN J) Establishes the Marion County crime reduction board (board) as part of the Marion County crime reduction pilot project. Allows the board to approve interoperability agreements between law enforcement agencies to expand the jurisdiction, duties, and responsibilities of law enforcement agencies operating in downtown Indianapolis.

*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Senators Crider and Young M  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jack Sandlin

SB8 NONPROFIT BAIL FUNDING (FREEMAN A) Allows a charitable organization to pay bail on behalf of a defendant if the organization meets certain criteria. Exempts from the certification requirement a charitable organization that pays bail for not more than two individuals in any 180 day period. Provides that if money or bonds have been set, bail by surety may be substituted for the money or bonds at any time before a breach. Prohibits the state and a political subdivision from: (1) posting bail for any person; or (2) providing a grant to any entity that provides funding for any person. Requires a court to apply the bail to certain court costs. Prohibits an entity that has received a grant from the state or a political subdivision from posting bail for any person or providing a grant, directly or indirectly, to an entity that posts bail for any person.

*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - added as coauthor Senator Baldwin  
1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Senators Young M and Sandlin  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Aaron Freeman

SB9 ELECTRONIC MONITORING STANDARDS (WALKER K) Establishes standards, including staffing minimums and notification time frames, for persons and entities responsible for monitoring individuals required to wear a monitoring device as a condition of probation, parole, pretrial release, or community corrections. Makes conforming amendments. Provides that a defendant commits escape if the defendant disables or interferes with the operation of an electronic monitoring device. (Under current law, the defendant commits the offense by removing an electronic monitoring device.) Requires a court to revoke the bail of a defendant who commits escape.

*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Senators Sandlin and Freeman  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Kyle Walker

SB10 MARION COUNTY VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION PILOT (CRIDER M) Establishes the: (1) Marion County violent crime reduction pilot project; and (2) Marion County violent crime reduction pilot project fund; to identify violent crime reduction districts in Marion County and to provide grants for overtime and additional law enforcement services in the

violent crime reduction districts. Defines "violent crime reduction district".

*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law

1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Senators Freeman and Walker K

1/4/2022 - Authored By Michael Crider

SB14 FIREARMS MATTERS (TOMES J) Makes the current offense of carrying a handgun without a license applicable only to persons who are at least 18 years of age but less than 21 years of age. Allows certain persons who are at least 21 years of age to possess or carry a handgun without a license unless the person fits into one of several categories, including a person who: (1) has been convicted of, or arrested for, specified crimes or delinquent offenses; (2) has been prohibited by a court from possessing a handgun or has been found by a court to be dangerous; or (3) has been found by a court to be mentally incompetent, has been involuntarily committed, or has been the subject of a 90 day or regular commitment. Allows certain persons who: (1) do not meet the requirements to receive a license to carry a handgun; and (2) are not otherwise barred from carrying or possessing a handgun by state law; to carry a handgun in specified instances. Makes it a Class A misdemeanor for particular persons to possess or carry a handgun. Increases the penalty to a Level 5 felony in some instances. Defines certain terms. Makes conforming amendments and repeals obsolete provisions. Makes a technical correction.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - added as coauthor Senator Baldwin

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Judiciary

1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By James Tomes

SB15 GOVERNMENT ACQUISITION AND DISPOSITION OF FIREARMS (TOMES J) Specifies that a law enforcement agency having possession of a firearm may not destroy the firearm unless the serial number of the firearm was obliterated at the time the law enforcement agency took custody of it. Prohibits a local unit of government, including a law enforcement agency, from conducting a firearm buyback program.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Judiciary

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By James Tomes

SB18 PROHIBITION OF LOCAL BANS ON SPECIFIC DOG BREEDS (DORIOT B) Provides that a local unit of government may not adopt or continue in effect any ordinance, rule, regulation, or resolution that: (1) bans; or (2) prohibits a person from owning, possessing, keeping, harboring, transporting, purchasing, or selling; a dog in a manner that is specific to breed.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Blake Doriot

SB19 SENTENCE ENHANCEMENT FOR USE OF FIREARM (GASKILL M) Adds the inspector general or an investigator for the inspector general to the definition of "police officer" for purposes of the statute providing a sentence enhancement for individuals who point or discharge a firearm at a police officer while committing certain crimes.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Mike Gaskill

SB20 CEMETERY MANAGEMENT (RAATZ J) Permits a city or town, county, and township to appoint a cemetery caretaker to control and manage cemeteries in the entity's care. Establishes requirements for a city or town to appoint a cemetery caretaker through a proposed ordinance. Provides that a cemetery caretaker is employed at the will of an executive of a city or town, a county board of commissioners, or a township trustee. Provides deadlines by which a vacancy in the cemetery caretaker position must be filled.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Jeff Raatz

SB24 LAKE AND ST. JOSEPH COUNTY MAGISTRATES (RANDOLPH L) Provides that in appointing magistrates, the judge of the St. Joseph County probate court and the judge of the juvenile division of the Lake County superior court shall strive to reflect the ethnic and racial demographics of their respective counties.

*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Judiciary

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

- SB25 HOUSING AUTHORITY COMMISSIONER COMPENSATION (RANDOLPH L) Increases the per diem paid to a commissioner of a housing authority from \$25 to \$100.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Lonnie Randolph
- SB26 USE OF CONSUMER REPORTS FOR EMPLOYMENT PURPOSES (RANDOLPH L) Prohibits an employer from using a consumer report for employment purposes unless certain conditions apply. Allows a consumer to bring a civil action against an employer for a violation of this provision. Provides that if the attorney general has reason to believe that an employer has violated the provision, the attorney general may bring one or both of the following: (1) An action to enjoin the violation. (2) An action to recover damages sustained by Indiana residents as a result of the violation. Makes it: (1) a Class B infraction for a knowing or intentional violation of the provision; or (2) a Class A infraction if an employer has a prior unrelated judgment for a violation of the provision.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Pensions and Labor  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Lonnie Randolph
- SB28 PROHIBITION OF FIREARMS AT POLLING PLACES (RANDOLPH L) Prohibits a person from carrying a firearm in, on, or near: (1) a chute; (2) polls; (3) areas where voters congregate or are likely to congregate; or (4) any room where ballots are being counted. Provides that the offense is a Class C misdemeanor. Enhances the offense to a: (1) Class A misdemeanor if the person has a prior unrelated conviction for the offense; or (2) Level 6 felony if the person points the firearm at another person. Specifies: (1) a defense; and (2) certain notice requirements. Prohibits certain other defenses. Defines certain terms. Makes conforming amendments.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Lonnie Randolph
- SB29 EMINENT DOMAIN (BUCK J) Increases the compensation paid to a property owner for condemnation from the property's fair market value to 120% of the property's fair market value. Increases the amount of attorney's fees and litigation expenses that may be paid to a property owner in a condemnation action.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Senate Local Government, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By James Buck
- SB30 WORKPLACE IMMUNIZATION (KRUSE D) Prohibits an employer from requiring, as a condition of employment, an employee or prospective employee to receive any immunization if the immunization would pose a significant risk to the employee's or prospective employee's health or if receiving the immunization is against the employee's religious beliefs or conscience. Allows for a civil action against an employer for a violation.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Health and Provider Services  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Dennis Kruse
- SB31 WORKPLACE COVID-19 IMMUNIZATION (KRUSE D) Prohibits an employer from requiring, as a condition of employment, an employee or prospective employee to receive an immunization against COVID-19 if the immunization would pose a significant risk to the employee's or prospective employee's health or if receiving the immunization is against the employee's religious beliefs. Allows for a civil action against an employer for a violation.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Health and Provider Services  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Dennis Kruse
- SB33 POSSESSION OF FIREARMS BY RETIRED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS (SANDLIN J) Provides that a retired law enforcement officer may possess a firearm on school property under certain conditions.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - added as second author Senator Baldwin  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Judiciary  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jack Sandlin

- SB35 LOGJAM REMOVAL FUND (KRUSE D) Establishes the logjam removal fund through the department of natural resources for the purpose of removing logjams or obstructions in waterways.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Appropriations  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Dennis Kruse
- SB37 POPULATION PARAMETERS (BRAY R) Amends various statutes to update population parameters for political subdivisions based on the 2020 decennial census. Updates multipliers that are based on a county's population and used in determining distributions made by the department of correction to county misdemeanor funds. Removes language providing that changes to boundaries of certain political subdivisions may not take effect during the year immediately before the year a federal decennial census is conducted. Makes conforming amendments.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - added as author Senator Ford Jon  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - removed as author Senator Bray  
1/6/2022 - Committee Report amend do pass adopted; reassigned to Committee on Judiciary  
1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Rules and Legislative Procedure  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Rodric Bray
- SB62 SALE OF TAX SALE PROPERTIES TO NONPROFITS (YOUNG M) Permits a county treasurer to offer for sale a tract or item of real property on the county auditor's tax sale list to an eligible nonprofit entity prior to the scheduled tax sale. Provides that not more than 10% of the real property on the tax sale list may be sold to eligible nonprofit entities. Requires an eligible nonprofit entity to file certain information with the county executive not later than 30 days prior to the scheduled tax sale in order to participate in an early sale.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Michael Young
- SB68 RETURN OF LOST PETS TO OWNERS (ALTING R) Requires an animal care facility to adopt policies and procedures that govern the return of lost or stray dogs and cats to the dog's or cat's owner. Provides animal care policies and procedures that an animal care facility may include to return lost or stray dogs and cats to the dog's or cat's owner.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Agriculture  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Ron Alting
- SB70 OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE (CRIDER M) Provides that a person commits obstruction of justice if the person persuades a witness in a legal proceeding to: (1) withhold or delay producing evidence that the witness is legally required to produce; (2) avoid a subpoena or court order; (3) not appear at a proceeding to which the witness has been summoned; or (4) give a false or materially misleading statement. Makes other changes and conforming amendments.  
*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Senate Bills on Second Reading  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Committee Report amend do pass, adopted  
1/4/2022 - Senate Committee recommends passage, as amended Yeas: 7; Nays: 2;  
1/4/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Michael Crider
- SB72 ADDITIONAL RENTER'S DEDUCTION FOR DISABLED VETERAN (FORD J) Allows a disabled veteran who rents a dwelling for use as the disabled veteran's principal place of residence to claim an additional renter's deduction from the disabled veteran's adjusted gross income. Provides that the additional deduction may not exceed \$3,000.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By J.D. Ford
- SB73 ANNEXATION (BOOTS P) Provides, with certain exceptions, that the following apply to annexations for which an annexation ordinance is adopted after March 31, 2022: (1) To proceed with an annexation initiated by the municipality, the municipality must file a petition with the court signed by: (A) at least 51% of the owners of non-tax exempt land; or (B) the owners of at least 75% in assessed valuation of non-tax exempt land; in the annexation territory. (2) If the petition has enough signatures, the court must hold a hearing to review the annexation. (3) Adds

provisions regarding the validity of signatures. (4) Eliminates remonstrances and reimbursement of remonstrator's attorney's fees and costs. (5) Voids remonstrance waivers. (6) Eliminates provisions regarding contiguity of a public highway and that prohibit an annexation from taking effect in the year before a federal decennial census is conducted. Voids a settlement agreement in lieu of annexation executed after March 31, 2022. (7) Eliminates the requirement that a municipality adopt a fiscal plan if the annexation is petitioned for by 100% of the owners of land within the annexation territory.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Senate Local Government, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government

1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Philip Boots

SB74 PREFERENCES IN PUBLIC WORKS AND PUBLIC PURCHASING (BOOTS P) Provides that a manufacturing business, defined as a business that processes raw materials or parts into finished goods, is not a small business if it employs more than 100 persons or if its annual sales for its most recently completed fiscal year exceed \$4,000,000. Provides that any state agency that purchases goods, supplies, or services for the state must report by October 1 of each year to the budget committee the amount of Indiana business and Indiana small business preferences granted in the agency's procurement of goods, supplies, or services for the state.

*Current Status:* 1/13/2022 - Senate Commerce and Technology, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Commerce and Technology

1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Philip Boots

SB76 MEET AND CONFER FOR PUBLIC SAFETY EMPLOYEES (BOOTS P) Allows an employer or an exclusive recognized representative of full-time employees of a police or fire department (exclusive representative) to request, in specified circumstances, an advisory opinion from the commissioner of labor (commissioner). Specifies a process by which an employer or exclusive representative may appeal in certain instances to the commissioner to request mediation and conciliation. Makes technical corrections and a conforming amendment.

*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Senate Bills on Second Reading

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Committee Report do pass, adopted

1/5/2022 - Senate Committee recommends passage Yeas: 9; Nays: 0;

1/5/2022 - Senate Pensions and Labor, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Pensions and Labor

1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Philip Boots

SB78 1977 PENSION AND DISABILITY FUND (BOOTS P) Provides that after July 1, 2022, if the board of trustees of the Indiana public retirement system (system board) determines that a new police officer or firefighter in the public employees' retirement fund (PERF) should be a member of the 1977 fund, the system board shall require the employer to transfer the member into the 1977 fund and contribute the amount that the system board determines is necessary to fund fully the member's service credit in the 1977 fund for all service earned as a police officer or firefighter in PERF. Provides that a police officer or firefighter who is an active member of the 1977 fund with an employer that participates in the 1977 fund, separates from that employer, and more than 180 days after the date of the separation becomes employed as a full-time police officer or firefighter with the same or a second employer that participates in the 1977 fund, is a member of the 1977 fund without meeting the age limitations under certain circumstances. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the interim study committee on pension management oversight.)

*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Senate Bills on Second Reading

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - added as third author Senator Niezgodski

1/6/2022 - Committee Report do pass, adopted

1/5/2022 - Senate Committee recommends passage Yeas: 10; Nays: 0;

1/5/2022 - Senate Pensions and Labor, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

1/4/2022 - added as second author Senator Ford Jon

1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Pensions and Labor

1/4/2022 - First Reading

1/4/2022 - Authored By Philip Boots

SB79 1977 PENSION AND DISABILITY FUND (BOOTS P) Establishes the 1977 fund defined contribution plan (plan). Provides that current employees may make contributions to the plan. Specifies rules and requirements for the plan concerning items that include member elections, member contributions, vesting, rollover distributions, and withdrawal of funds. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the interim study committee on pension management oversight.)

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - added as coauthor Senator Qaddoura



*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - added as third author Senator Rogers  
1/6/2022 - Committee Report do pass adopted; reassigned to Committee on Appropriations  
1/5/2022 - Senate Committee recommends passage Yeas: 10; Nays: 0;  
1/5/2022 - Senate Pensions and Labor, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
1/4/2022 - added as second author Senator Ford Jon  
1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Pensions and Labor  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Philip Boots

- SB83 MEETINGS OF SCHOOL BOARDS AND CHARTER SCHOOLS (LEISING J) Requires the governing body of a school corporation or charter school (governing body) to allow public comment at meetings. Allows a governing body to conduct an electronic meeting (other than an executive session) only in the following circumstances: (1) The charter school or school within the school corporation is closed because of an outbreak of communicable disease not more than five days before the meeting. (2) The school or schools have not reopened for in-person classroom instruction. (3) Public comment is allowed during the meeting. (Current law allows a governing body to conduct an electronic meeting if: (1) at least 50% of the members are physically present; or (2) a state or local disaster emergency is declared.)
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Education and Career Development  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jean Leising
- SB85 DRAINAGE TASK FORCE (LEISING J) Establishes a drainage task force consisting of six members of the senate, six members of the house of representatives, and five other individuals. Requires the task force to: (1) review the responsibilities of landowners and state and local authorities under current laws relating to the drainage of land; (2) make certain determinations concerning drainage and regulatory matters; and (3) determine whether the balance between state authority and local authority over drainage of agricultural land favors state authority more in Indiana than in neighboring states. Authorizes the task force to make recommendations. Requires the task force to issue a report and, not later than December 1, 2023, submit the report to the executive director of the legislative services agency for distribution to the members of the general assembly and to the governor.
- Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Senate Natural Resources, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Natural Resources  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jean Leising
- SB90 RIGHT-OF-WAY AND THOROUGHFARES (DORIOT B) Prohibits a county from increasing the apparent right-of-way for a county highway by requiring a dedication of additional right-of-way as part of a subdivision plat, and requires the county to acquire additional right-of-way through eminent domain. Prohibits a unit of local government from establishing or expanding a thoroughfare by requiring the dedication of private property as part of a subdivision plat, and requires the unit of local government to acquire private property for the establishment or expansion of a thoroughfare through eminent domain. Prohibits a county and a unit of local government from imposing an additional fee on applicants that file subdivision plats in which the county or unit of local government must proceed with eminent domain.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Blake Doriot
- SB93 SCHOOL CORPORATION DISANNEXATION (BOHACEK M) Establishes a process to disannex a township from an existing school corporation and annex the township to an adjacent school corporation.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Mike Bohacek
- SB94 SENTENCE MODIFICATION (BOHACEK M) Establishes a procedure to allow certain inmates in the department of correction (department) an additional opportunity to request sentence modification from the sentencing court if the department has recommended sentence modification. Makes conforming amendments.
- Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Senate Bills on Second Reading  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Committee Report do pass, adopted  
1/4/2022 - Senate Committee recommends passage Yeas: 7; Nays: 2;  
1/4/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law

- SB114 VACCINE STATUS DISCRIMINATION (TOMES J) Provides that certain acts by a person or a government entity concerning an individual's vaccination status or whether an individual has an immunity passport are against public policy. Provides that the Indiana department of labor may investigate and issue administrative orders for violations or threatened violations. Establishes a separate private right of action for violations or threatened violations.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Health and Provider Services  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By James Tomes
- SB116 PROPERTY TAX PAYMENTS (FREEMAN A) Provides that a county treasurer shall waive the delinquent property tax penalty if a taxpayer or taxpayer's representative: (1) petitions the county treasurer to waive the penalty not later than 30 days after the due date of the installment subject to the penalty; and (2) files with the petition written proof that during the seven day period ending on the installment due date the taxpayer or an immediate family member of the taxpayer died. Provides that the county treasurer shall give written notice to the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative by mail of the treasurer's determination on the petition not later than 30 days after the petition is filed. Provides that the department of local government finance shall prescribe the form of the petition and the type of written proof required. Provides that a taxpayer or a taxpayer's representative may appeal a determination of the county treasurer to deny a penalty waiver by filing a notice in writing with the treasurer not more than 45 days after the treasurer gives the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative notice of the determination.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Aaron Freeman
- SB117 POLICE LOG INFORMATION (WALKER K) Provides that records containing personal information, including name, relating to the victim of a crime or delinquent act who is less than 18 years of age may not be disclosed by a public agency, unless access to the records is specifically required by a state or federal statute or is ordered by a court under the rules of discovery. Provides that a law enforcement agency shall maintain a daily log or record that lists suspected or investigated crimes, accidents, or complaints. (Current law provides that a law enforcement agency shall maintain a daily log or record that lists suspected crimes, accidents, or complaints.) Prohibits, after June 30, 2023, the broadcast of a Social Security number by police radio unless the broadcast is encrypted.  
*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Senate Bills on Second Reading  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - added as third author Senator Koch  
1/6/2022 - added as second author Senator Rogers  
1/6/2022 - Committee Report amend do pass, adopted  
1/4/2022 - Senate Committee recommends passage, as amended Yeas: 9; Nays: 0;  
1/4/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Kyle Walker
- SB119 TAXATION OF FARM PROPERTY (NIEMEYER R) Makes new farm equipment and new agricultural improvements eligible for local tax abatement using the same procedures for tax abatement under current law for new manufacturing equipment, new research and development equipment, new logistical distribution equipment, and new information technology equipment, or redevelopment and rehabilitation in the case of new agricultural improvements. Limits an abatement schedule for new farm equipment and new agricultural improvements to not more than five years. Specifies how agricultural improvements shall be assessed for tax purposes.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Rick Niemeyer
- SB120 DISTRIBUTION OF REVENUE FOR PUBLIC SAFETY PURPOSES (NIEMEYER R) Provides that, subject to the approval of a county adopting body, a fire protection district or a qualified fire protection territory may apply for distributions of tax revenue. Provides that a township that provides fire protection or emergency medical services (other than a township in Marion County) may apply to a county adopting body for a distribution of tax revenue for public safety purposes. Requires the adopting body to conduct a public hearing to review and approve the application. Specifies the method for determining the amount of the distribution to the qualified township.  
*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy

- SB121 SCHOOL BUS STOP ARM VIOLATION ENFORCEMENT (NIEMEYER R) Provides that a registered owner of a motor vehicle commits an infraction if the owner's vehicle is used to violate the school bus stop arm law. Provides a defense for a registered owner who provides certain information to law enforcement and fully cooperates with law enforcement, if: (1) the vehicle was stolen; (2) the registered owner routinely engages in the business of renting the vehicle; or (3) the registered owner provided the vehicle for the use of an employee. Specifies that: (1) the bureau of motor vehicles may not assess points for the infraction; and (2) an adjudication for the infraction does not create a presumption of liability in a civil action.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Homeland Security and Transportation  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Rick Niemeyer
- SB124 SPECIALIZED DRIVING PRIVILEGES (FREEMAN A) Provides that an individual subject to both an administrative license suspension and a court ordered license suspension must file a petition for specialized driving privileges in the court that ordered the suspension. Repeals the statute requiring a signal of intention to turn before turning or changing lanes.  
*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Aaron Freeman
- SB126 WAGERING TAX DISTRIBUTIONS (PERFECT C) Requires the gaming commission to annually certify the total amount of adjusted gross receipts for each riverboat during the preceding state fiscal year. Provides that the auditor of state shall distribute certain tax revenue deposited in the state gaming fund to certain cities and counties in Ohio County.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Appropriations  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Chip Perfect
- SB128 PROHIBITED DISCRIMINATION IN CIVIL RIGHTS STATUTES (LANANE T) Extends certain antidiscrimination and civil rights statutes to prohibit discrimination based on sexual orientation, gender identity, and veteran status. Provides that every discriminatory practice relating to the acquisition or sale of real estate, education, public accommodations, employment, or the extending of credit is considered unlawful unless it is specifically exempted.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Judiciary  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Timothy Lanane
- SB132 WRONGFUL DEATH (FREEMAN A) Requires that a policy or certificate of life insurance pay the estate of an insured individual's spouse if the spouse would have been entitled to the proceeds of the insured individual's life insurance policy and the spouse was intentionally killed by the insured individual. Includes a married individual who does not have any dependents and whose death was caused by a spouse within the definition of "adult person" for the purpose of a wrongful death action.  
*Current Status:* 1/12/2022 - Senate Judiciary, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Judiciary  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Aaron Freeman
- SB133 DESIGNATED OUTDOOR REFRESHMENT AREAS (BROWN L) Allows a municipality to designate a location as an outdoor refreshment area (area) with the approval of the alcohol and tobacco commission (commission). Prohibits an area from being located near a school or church unless the church or school does not object. Provides that if an area is approved, the commission designates retailer permittees (permittees) within the area. Makes it a Class C misdemeanor for: (1) a consumer not wearing a wristband identification to exit the premises of a permittee and enter the area with an open alcoholic beverage and for a permittee to allow the consumer to exit the premises; (2) a permittee to sell a consumer more than one alcoholic beverage at a time or an alcoholic beverage that exceeds the volume limitations; (3) a consumer to purchase an alcoholic beverage inside the area and consume it outside the area; and (4) a consumer to bring an alcoholic beverage into the area that was not purchased inside the area. Allows a minor to be within the area.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Public Policy  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading

- SB135 AMBULANCE FEE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (FORD J) Provides that: (1) when an individual covered by a health plan is provided emergency ambulance service by a nonparticipating ambulance service provider, the health plan operator shall pay toward the compensation of the nonparticipating ambulance service provider the amount that the health plan operator considers reasonable compensation for the emergency ambulance service; and (2) after the health plan operator pays this amount and after any deductible, copayment, and coinsurance amount is paid, neither the nonparticipating ambulance service provider nor the health plan operator may seek to obtain any further amount from the covered individual. Provides that if the nonparticipating ambulance service provider considers the amount paid to be insufficient, the nonparticipating ambulance service provider: (1) may initiate negotiations with the health plan operator; and (2) if negotiations do not produce a result satisfactory to the nonparticipating ambulance service provider, may initiate arbitration of the ambulance fee dispute. Provides for the selection of an arbitrator and establishes a procedure by which the arbitrator determines a figure representing fair compensation for the emergency ambulance service. Provides that an arbitrator's determination as to fair compensation is binding on the parties and is admissible in any court proceeding. Empowers the insurance commissioner to reprimand, impose a civil penalty on, or suspend the certificate of authority of a health plan operator that fails upon request to provide information on compensation paid to participating ambulance service providers, refuses to negotiate in good faith, or refuses to compensate a nonparticipating ambulance service provider in accordance with an arbitrator's determination. Requires the Indiana emergency medical services commission to adopt rules concerning the certification of arbitrators and the administration of the ambulance fee dispute resolution process.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Health and Provider Services  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jon Ford
- SB139 MANUFACTURED HOUSING (DORIOT B) Prohibits a governmental body from regulating or restricting the installation of a mobile home, manufactured home, or industrialized residential structure based on the age or size of the mobile home, manufactured home, or industrialized residential structure, regardless of whether: (1) the mobile home, manufactured home, or industrialized residential structure; or (2) the lot on which, or the mobile home community in which, it is or will be located or installed; constitutes a conforming structure or use, or a legal, nonconforming structure or use. Provides that after March 14, 2022: (1) a unit may not adopt, impose, amend, or enforce a regulation, or a provision in a regulation, that violates this prohibition, regardless of when the regulation or provision was originally adopted or imposed; and (2) any provision that: (A) is included in a regulation adopted or imposed by a unit; and (B) violates this prohibition; is void and unenforceable regardless of when the regulation or provision was originally adopted or imposed. Prohibits a unit from adopting, imposing, or enforcing a regulation that mandates size requirements for, or that is based on the age of, a mobile home, a manufactured home, or an industrialized residential structure that will be installed in a mobile home community, regardless of whether the mobile home community, or any part of the mobile home community, constitutes: (1) a conforming structure or use; or (2) a legal, nonconforming structure or use. Provides that after March 14, 2022: (1) a unit may not adopt, impose, amend, or enforce a regulation, or a provision in a regulation, that violates this prohibition, regardless of when the regulation or provision was originally adopted or imposed; and (2) any provision that: (A) is included in a regulation adopted or imposed by a unit; and (B) violates this prohibition; is void and unenforceable regardless of when the regulation or provision was originally adopted or imposed. Amends the statute concerning the reconstruction of nonconforming structures to provide that whenever a legal, nonconforming structure, including: (1) a mobile home; (2) a manufactured home; or (3) an industrialized residential structure; on a parcel of real property used for residential purposes is removed, the owner of the parcel shall be permitted to replace the structure without losing the status of the structure or parcel as a legal, nonconforming structure or use if the replacement meets the existing statutory requirements. Provides that these provisions concerning the continuing status of the structure or parcel as a legal, nonconforming structure or use apply after March 14, 2022, regardless of whether: (1) the structure or parcel is conferred status as a legal, nonconforming structure or use; or (2) the legal nonconforming structure is: (A) damaged, destroyed, or removed; or (B) reconstructed, renovated, repaired, or replaced; before or after March 15, 2022.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Blake Doriot
- SB142 COUNTY FAIRGROUNDS BILLBOARDS (SANDLIN J) Provides that the: (1) board of directors (board) of an agricultural fair society, association, or corporation; or (2) the county legislative body that owns or operates a county fairgrounds; may request the placement of one digital billboard at a location on the real property of the fairgrounds selected by the board. Provides that the county or municipality or other governing body with authority to zone land shall permit the placement of one digital billboard on the real property of the county fairgrounds if the board makes such a request. Provides that the owner of the real property of the county fairgrounds shall receive any revenue attributable to the placement of the digital billboard on the real property.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - added as second author Senator Doriot  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jack Sandlin

- SB143 SELF-DEFENSE (BALDWIN S) Specifies that "reasonable force" includes the pointing of a loaded or unloaded firearm for purposes of self-defense and arrest statutes.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Scott Baldwin
- SB144 SCHOOL BOARD ELECTIONS (BALDWIN S) Provides that a candidate for election to the governing body of a school corporation may not be any of the following: (1) A teacher employed by the school corporation. (2) A member, an employee, or a contractor of a labor organization with which the school corporation engages in collective bargaining. Provides that candidates for election to the governing body of a school corporation may request that the candidate's affiliation with a major political party be indicated with the candidate's name on the general election ballot. Provides that, beginning with the 2022 general election, all members of the governing body of a school corporation must be elected, eliminating the appointment of members of the governing body. Changes population parameters to reflect the population count determined under the 2020 decennial census.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Education and Career Development  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Scott Baldwin
- SB145 PROPERTY TAX MATTERS (BUCHANAN B) Provides that the true tax value of commercial real property used for retail purposes that is at least 100,000 square feet and that is occupied by the original owner or by a tenant for which the improvement was built shall be determined by the cost approach for the first 10 years of occupancy of the property, less normal depreciation and normal obsolescence under the rules and guidelines of the department of local government finance (department). Requires the department to annually establish a standard construction cost per square foot for these properties for each county based on the average market cost in the county (or region) to be used for purposes of the assessment, unless the taxpayer has provided the taxpayer's determination of actual construction costs to the appropriate assessing official not later than 45 days after the date of the assessment notice that is the subject of the review. Requires the taxpayer, if a taxpayer has provided the taxpayer's determination of actual construction cost within 45 days after the assessment notice, to provide to the county property tax assessment board of appeals (PTBOA) information necessary to determine the actual construction costs for the real property. Requires that the taxpayer's actual construction costs must be used for purposes of the assessment if the PTBOA determines that actual construction costs for the real property are less than the standard construction cost established by the department for the county. Requires the fiscal officer of the county to establish a separate account for the tax receipts that are attributable to the property tax assessment that is the subject of review. Provides that a county assessor or township assessor (if any) may request the department to perform a state conducted assessment of these properties for a specific assessment date. Sets out the procedures for a state conducted assessment.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Coauthored by Senators Boots and Baldwin  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Brian Buchanan
- SB146 ATTACHMENTS TO ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION POLES (KOCH E) Amends the statute concerning attachments of equipment by cable operators (attaching entities) to electric distribution poles owned or controlled by rural electric cooperatives or by municipalities providing electric service (pole owners) as follows: (1) Specifies that an attaching entity must have the pole owner's written permission specifically authorizing an attachment for each pole on which the attaching entity seeks to place an attachment. (2) Provides that: (A) an attaching entity is responsible for transferring an authorized attachment not later than 30 days (versus 90 days under current law) after receiving written notice from the pole owner to do so; and (B) if, after the expiration of this 30 day (versus 90 day under current law) period, the attaching entity has failed to rearrange or transfer the attaching entity's system (or portion of the attaching entity's system), the pole owner may rearrange, transfer, or relocate the system (or portion of the system), and the attaching entity shall reimburse the pole owner for the pole owner's costs. (3) Specifies that the attaching entity shall indemnify and hold harmless the pole owner from any loss or liability in connection with the pole owner's actions in rearranging, transferring, or relocating the attaching entity's system (or portion of the system).  
*Current Status:* 1/13/2022 - Senate Utilities, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Utilities  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Eric Koch

- SB149 VARIOUS COURTS MATTERS (KOCH E) Makes clarifying changes to the powers and duties of the Marion superior court executive committee. Provides that an appointed judicial officer shall be vested by the judges of the family division of the Marion superior court with suitable powers for the handling of all probate matters of the court. Removes and reallocates the powers and duties of a probate hearing judge, probate commissioner, juvenile referee, bail commissioner, and master commissioner from the Marion superior court. Provides that the Marion County judicial selection committee nomination procedure shall be followed when filling a vacancy that occurs in a court. Provides that the: (1) clerk of a circuit court; (2) clerk of a city or town court; or (3) judge of a city or town court that does not have a clerk; may retain as an administrative fee an amount of up to \$3 from the excess amount collected by the clerk for general court costs.
- Current Status:* 1/12/2022 - Senate Judiciary, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Judiciary  
1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Eric Koch
- SB150 BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION (FREEMAN A) Increases the acquisition cost threshold for the business personal property tax exemption from \$80,000 to \$250,000.
- Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy  
1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Aaron Freeman
- SB152 CIVIL FORFEITURE (BREAUX J) Directs certain civil forfeiture proceeds to the United Way organization in each county (or to a United Way organization that serves the county if the county lacks a United Way organization) to be used to provide grants to aid the community. Prohibits the use of certain other civil forfeiture proceeds to purchase or facilitate the acquisition of armored vehicles, military-style weapons, or surplus military equipment. Repeals a provision authorizing the transfer of seized property to the United States. Makes conforming amendments.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Judiciary  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Jean Breaux
- SB155 HUMAN TRAFFICKING (CRIDER M) Modifies the definition of "protected person" for purposes of the admission of a statement or videotape of an individual who is less than 14 years of age at the time of the offense but less than 18 years of age at the time of trial. Removes the requirement that money paid for a human trafficking victim or for an act performed by a human trafficking victim be paid to a third party. Increases the penalty for human trafficking to a Level 4 felony. Specifies that consent by the human trafficking victim is not a defense to a prosecution. Requires law enforcement agencies to report human trafficking investigations to the attorney general within 30 days after an investigation begins.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Michael Crider
- SB158 PUBLIC SAFETY TELECOMMUNICATORS (CRIDER M) Requires a public safety telecommunicator to successfully complete certain minimum basic training requirements and to annually complete 24 hours of continuing education.
- Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Homeland Security and Transportation  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Michael Crider
- SB159 RESERVE CITY AND TOWN POLICE OFFICERS (SANDLIN J) Provides that after June 30, 2023, the number of police reserve officers that a law enforcement agency or department for a city or town may appoint may not exceed the greater of: (1) six police reserve officers; or (2) 40% of the number of law enforcement officers employed by the law enforcement agency or department who have met the basic training requirements established by the law enforcement training board (board). Provides that the board may revoke, suspend, modify, or restrict a document showing compliance and qualifications for a city or town police reserve officer who has committed misconduct. Provides that, after June 30, 2022, a police reserve officer appointed by a law enforcement agency or department for a city or town does not have police powers for purposes of employment outside the direct supervision of the law enforcement agency or department that appointed the police reserve officer unless: (1) the police reserve officer who previously served as a law enforcement officer has completed Tier I or Tier II basic training and remains compliant with inservice training requirements; or (2) an exigent circumstance exists that creates pressing health, safety, or law enforcement needs for the police reserve officer.
- Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/10/2022 - First Reading

- SB163 TOWN FISCAL MANAGEMENT (YOUNG M) Changes the population point that distinguishes a second class city from a third class city from 35,000 to 34,000. Authorizes a town with a population of more than 34,000 to create the office of town controller, appointed by the town legislative body.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Michael Young
- SB164 COORDINATION AMONG UNITS FOR TAX ABATEMENT (YOUNG M) Provides that if a rehabilitation or redevelopment project in an economic revitalization area falls within the boundaries of an excluded city, a representative of the excluded city must be included as a voting member of the designating body.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Michael Young
- SB166 TAX EXEMPTION FOR P3 PROPERTY (WALKER K) Adds definitions for "transportation facility" and "transportation project". Provides that a governmental body may enter into a public-private agreement with respect to a transportation project. Provides that any public-private agreement with respect to a transportation project may use tolling or availability payments to finance all or a portion of the project. Provides that a governmental body may also enter into a development agreement with a private party for the development, construction, and financing of a privately owned and operated transportation or infrastructure project if the development agreement meets certain conditions. Provides for a property tax exemption and a sales tax exemption.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Kyle Walker
- SB168 SPEEDING (BALDWIN S) Provides that a person who knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly operates a vehicle at a speed more than 24 miles per hour above the posted maximum speed limit for a highway commits a Class C misdemeanor, unless the offense causes bodily injury to a person or damages the property of another person. Requires a juvenile court to recommend the suspension of the driving privileges of a child who causes bodily injury to a person while knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly driving more than 24 miles per hour above the posted maximum speed limit for a highway. Provides that the court shall require a delinquent child to pay the fine that would be imposed for a Class A misdemeanor if committed by an adult if the delinquent child caused bodily injury to a person while the delinquent child knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly drove more than 24 miles per hour above the posted maximum speed limit for a highway. Provides that an amount paid by a delinquent child must be deposited in the county's guardian ad litem fund or court appointed special advocate fund.  
*Current Status:* 1/4/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
*All Bill Status:* 1/4/2022 - First Reading  
1/4/2022 - Authored By Scott Baldwin
- SB173 VULNERABLE ROAD USERS (FORD J) Defines "vulnerable road user". Provides that it is a criminal offense if a person commits a moving traffic offense that results in the serious bodily injury or death of a vulnerable road user. Urges the legislative council to assign certain topics to an existing study committee.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By J.D. Ford
- SB176 AGRICULTURAL LAND USED FOR WIND OR SOLAR ENERGY (LEISING J) Requires the Indiana utility regulatory commission (IURC) to include in its annual report to the governor and the chairman of the legislative council the following information concerning utility grade wind power devices (devices) and utility grade solar energy facilities (facilities) for each county in Indiana: (1) The total number of devices and facilities installed or under construction. (2) The total generating capacity of the devices and facilities. (3) The county's total land acreage that is occupied by, or otherwise part of a project or development that includes, one or more devices or facilities. (4) Of the occupied acreage, the percentage of that acreage that was assessed as agricultural land for property tax purposes: (A) as of the most recent assessment date; or (B) immediately before the commencement of construction of one or more devices or facilities on the land. Requires the IURC to present: (1) the IURC's annual report to the interim study committee on energy, utilities, and telecommunications (committee) before October 1 each year; and (2) the new information required under the bill: (A) before October 1, 2022, to the 21st century energy policy development task force; and (B) before October 1 of each year, to the standing committees of the senate and the house of representatives having subject matter jurisdiction over agricultural matters. Makes conforming amendments to the

statute governing the committee's duties to monitor changes and competition in the energy utility industry.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Utilities

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Jean Leising

- SB179 AUTOMATED TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM PILOT PROGRAM (FORD J) Replaces the terms "work zone" and "worksite zone" with "worksite" throughout the relevant statutes. Authorizes the Indiana department of transportation to establish the automated traffic control system pilot program for the purpose of enforcing worksite speed limits. Establishes the fallen state trooper family relief fund from the fines paid for violations of worksite speed limits to provide financial assistance to surviving families of state troopers who are killed in the line of duty.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Homeland Security and Transportation
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading
- 1/6/2022 - Authored By Jon Ford
- SB181 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION MATTERS (FREEMAN A) Establishes certain conditions of parole for a person on lifetime parole and makes the violation of parole conditions and commission of specified other acts by a person on lifetime parole a Level 6 felony, with an enhancement to a Level 5 felony for a second or subsequent offense. Provides that, for purposes of calculating accrued time and good time credit, a calendar day includes a partial calendar day.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading
- 1/6/2022 - Authored By Aaron Freeman
- SB183 HOME BASED VENDORS (WALKER G) Specifies the requirements for the preparation and sale of food products as a home based vendor. Reorganizes provisions concerning the sale of certain food products by an individual vendor at a farmers' market or roadside stand. Requires an individual who sells rabbits at a farmers' market or roadside stand to comply with certain requirements. Makes conforming changes.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Agriculture
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading
- 1/6/2022 - Authored By Greg Walker
- SB184 RESIDENTIAL HOUSING DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM (HOLDMAN T) Removes the requirement that the governing body of a school corporation affected by a residential housing development program (program) approve the program by resolution before the program may take effect.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading
- 1/6/2022 - Authored By Travis Holdman
- SB185 NEWBORN SAFETY DEVICE (HOLDMAN T) Modifies the newborn safety device requirements that apply to a fire department. Makes conforming changes to the immunity provisions applicable to the places at which a newborn safety device may be located.
- Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Senate Family and Children Services, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Family and Children Services
- 1/6/2022 - First Reading
- 1/6/2022 - Authored By Travis Holdman
- SB186 DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES (GLICK S) Eliminates and renames divisions and bureaus that have been merged by the department of natural resources (department) due to reorganization that occurred within the department. Establishes the Indiana state park inns authority as a body corporate and politic for the operation, management, and administration of inns and associated facilities by the department. Eliminates the separate hunting license by including a crossbow and bolt in the licensure for archery equipment permitted to be used. Makes conforming changes.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Natural Resources
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading
- 1/6/2022 - Authored By Susan Glick
- SB187 WAKE BOARDING AND WAKE SURFING (GLICK S) Prohibits a person from operating on a public freshwater lake a motorboat that engages in wake boarding or wake surfing: (1) during the period between sunset and sunrise; or (2) in violation of a rule adopted by the natural resources commission (commission). Places restrictions that apply to wake boarding or wake surfing on a small public freshwater lake that is at least 70 acres but not more than 300 acres. Establishes a procedure for property owners on a public freshwater lake to petition the commission to adopt



rules concerning wake boarding and wake surfing restrictions. Establishes a penalty. Provides that an individual may not operate a motorboat with: (1) an outboard engine; or (2) an outdrive unit with a propeller that extends past the motorboat's transom or swim platform; for the purpose of wake surfing.

*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Senate Natural Resources, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Natural Resources

1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Susan Glick

SB188 PAROLE (GLICK S) Specifies that a person placed on parole following a term of imprisonment that includes a sentence for a crime of violence may be released on parole for not more than 24 months. Provides that time served while confined to a prison or jail does not count toward time served on parole.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Susan Glick

SB190 WAIVER OF PENALTIES AND INTEREST (HOLDMAN T) Provides that the fiscal body of a county may adopt an ordinance to establish a property tax amnesty program and require a waiver of interest and penalties added before January 1, 2022, on delinquent taxes and special assessments on real property in the county if: (1) all of the delinquent taxes and special assessments on the real property were first due and payable before January 1, 2022; and (2) before November 1, 2023, the taxpayer has paid all of these delinquent taxes and special assessments and has also paid all of the taxes and special assessments that are first due and payable after December 31, 2021. Requires the waiver of interest and penalties in these circumstances, notwithstanding any payment arrangement entered into by the county treasurer and the taxpayer. Provides that the waiver of interest and penalties under a program shall not apply to interest and penalties added to delinquent property tax installments or special assessments on real property that was purchased or sold in any prior tax sale.

*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy

1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Travis Holdman

SB199 WORKER'S COMPENSATION (POL JR. R) Provides that if, after the occurrence of an accident, compensation is paid for temporary total disability or temporary partial disability, then the two year limitation period to file an application for adjustment of claim begins to run on the last date for which such compensation was paid. Increases benefits for injuries and disablements by: (1) 10% on and after July 1, 2022; (2) 6% on and after July 1, 2023; (3) 4% on and after July 1, 2024; (4) 4% on and after July 1, 2025; (5) 4% on and after July 1, 2026; and (6) 4% on and after July 1, 2027. Makes conforming amendments.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Pensions and Labor

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Rodney Pol Jr

SB200 DRIVING CARDS (NIEZGODSKI D) Provides that an individual who is an Indiana resident and cannot provide proof of identity and lawful status in the United States may apply for a driving card learner's permit and driving card to obtain driving privileges. Provides that a driving card learner's permit and driving card may not be used for federal identification or any other federal purpose. Requires an individual who holds a driving card learner's permit or driving card and operates a motor vehicle to verify and continuously maintain financial responsibility on any motor vehicle the holder operates in the amount required by law. Provides that the bureau of motor vehicles may not disclose certain information unless presented with a lawful court order or judicial warrant. Makes conforming changes. Makes technical corrections.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Homeland Security and Transportation

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By David Niezgodski

SB209 DRUG SCHEDULES (YOUNG M) Adds specified substances to the schedule I list of controlled substances.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Michael Young

SB211 COVID-19 VACCINE OR MASK MANDATE CAUSE OF ACTION (TOMES J) Provides a cause of action for an individual who experiences an adverse medical condition due to a COVID-19 vaccine mandate or mask mandate.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Withdrawn

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Judiciary  
1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By James Tomes

- SB212 PROTECTION OF FIREFIGHTER'S RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS (TOMES J) Adds firefighters to the list of persons whose residential addresses may be restricted on a public property data base Internet web site operated by a unit.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By James Tomes
- SB218 PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION FOR QUALIFIED VETERANS (MRVAN F) Provides a property tax deduction for an individual or surviving spouse of an individual who has been rated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as individually unemployable.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Frank Mrvan
- SB228 ACQUISITION AND STORAGE OF FIREARMS (QADDOURA F) Prohibits a person from keeping or storing an unsecured firearm on any premises controlled by the person under certain circumstances. Makes the failure to secure a firearm a Level 6 felony if the offense results in injury or death, enhances the offense to a Level 5 felony if the person has a prior unrelated conviction, and provides a defense. Requires a person wishing to transfer a firearm to another person to transact the transfer through a firearms dealer (dealer), subject to certain exceptions, and specifies the procedure to be used by the dealer to effect the transfer. Grants a dealer who completes a transfer civil immunity. Provides that a person who makes a false statement to a dealer for the purpose of completing a third party transfer commits firearm transfer fraud, a Level 6 felony, and enhances the penalty if the person has a prior unrelated conviction. Specifies that a dealer or other person who transfers a firearm in violation of certain requirements commits unlawful transfer of a firearm, a Level 6 felony, and enhances the offense to a Level 5 felony if the dealer or person has a prior unrelated conviction. Makes conforming amendments.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Fady Qaddoura
- SB230 ENFORCEMENT OF HABITABILITY STANDARDS (QADDOURA F) Allows a city, county, or town to bring a nuisance action against a tenant or other person responsible for a nuisance. Defines "essential services" as certain utility services needed for the safe and habitable occupation by a tenant of the tenant's rental unit. Defines "essential systems" as certain systems used to deliver essential services to a rental unit. Requires a landlord to repair or replace an essential system not later than 24 hours after being notified by a tenant that the tenant's rental unit is without essential services under certain circumstances. Provides that a tenant may enforce a statutory obligation of a landlord by providing notice of the landlord's noncompliance and allows for certain remedies to the tenant for the landlord's noncompliance. Provides that, during the pendency of a court action brought by a tenant to enforce a statutory obligation of a landlord, the court may order the tenant to make the regular rental payments otherwise due under the rental agreement to the clerk of the court or an attorney trust account, to be held in trust for disbursement to the prevailing party, as ordered by the court.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Fady Qaddoura
- SB232 FALSE REPORTING (TAYLOR G) Specifies that a law enforcement officer who, knowing that information is false or misleading, includes the false or misleading information in a police report commits false informing, a Class A misdemeanor.  
*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading  
1/6/2022 - Authored By Greg Taylor
- SB236 ELIGIBILITY FOR SENIOR PROPERTY TAX DEDUCTION (QADDOURA F) Increases the adjusted gross income threshold for an individual at least 65 years of age to obtain a deduction from the assessed value of the individual's real property from \$30,000 to \$40,000. Increases the threshold for an individual at least 65 years of age filing a joint return from \$40,000 to \$50,000. Increases the maximum assessed value of the real property from \$200,000 to \$400,000 to be eligible for the deduction. Provides that an individual is not entitled to a refund for the deduction for any previous year in which the assessed value of the individual's real property would have qualified for the deduction for that year due to a subsequent increase in the assessed value threshold. Provides that an individual must apply for

the deduction each year.

*Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy

*All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading

1/6/2022 - Authored By Fady Qaddoura

- SB237 NOTICE REQUIREMENTS FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT MEETINGS (BOEHNLEIN K) Requires an agency of a political subdivision (local agency) under the open door law to post a meeting notice and meeting agenda (if any) on the local agency's official web site, in addition to giving notice by any other method required by law. Specifies that the local agency's official web site may be on a social media platform for purposes of: (1) the open door law; and (2) the law allowing a local agency to make the first required publication of a notice in the newspaper and any required subsequent publications of the notice on the local agency's official web site. Specifies that the official web site of a local agency may not require a user to register or pay a fee to access the web site.
- Current Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Local Government
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - First Reading
- 1/6/2022 - Authored By Kevin Boehnlein
- SB238 FIRST RESPONDERS RETIREMENT INCOME TAX DEDUCTION (BOEHNLEIN K) Provides a state income tax deduction for retired first responders (or the surviving spouse of a retired first responder) equal to the first \$10,000 received from an employee retirement pension system for service as a first responder.
- Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)
- All Bill Status:* 1/6/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy
- 1/6/2022 - First Reading
- 1/6/2022 - Authored By Kevin Boehnlein
- SB248 DISTRIBUTED ENERGY GENERATION (BROWN L) Amends as follows the statute concerning electricity supplied to and generated by an electricity supplier's customers who own a distributed generation facility: (1) Specifies that "excess distributed generation" means the difference between: (A) the kilowatt hours of electricity generated by a customer and supplied back to the electricity supplier; and (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity delivered by the electricity supplier to the customer; as netted over the monthly billing period. (2) Provides for: (A) the billing or crediting, on a monthly basis, of a distributed generation customer for the kilowatt hours of electricity received by or supplied by the customer, as applicable; and (B) the rates at which the customer is to be credited or billed, as applicable, for those kilowatt hours. (3) Makes conforming changes in other provisions of the statute. Adds a noncode provision to address electricity suppliers that have applied for approval, or received approval, for an excess distributed generation rate or tariff from the utility regulatory commission (IURC) under current law, and to require that: (1) the IURC not approve any pending petitions unless those petitions comply with the bill's provisions; and (2) an electricity supplier that has been granted approval by the IURC of an excess distributed generation rate and tariff to file with the IURC, not later than 30 days after the enactment of the bill, an amended rate and tariff, so that both the rate and the tariff, as amended, comply with the bill's provisions.
- Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Referred to Senate Utilities
- All Bill Status:* 1/10/2022 - First Reading
- 1/10/2022 - Authored By Liz Brown
- SB261 RIGHT TO FOOD (DORIOT B) Provides that an individual has the right to: (1) save and exchange seeds to grow food; and (2) grow, raise, produce, harvest, and consume the food that the individual chooses for the individual's own nourishment, sustenance, bodily health, and well-being. Specifies certain acts that are prohibited. Provides that a zoning ordinance may restrict but may not prohibit the growing or raising of food. Specifies that the board of animal health and the United States Department of Agriculture may enforce a state or federal law, rule, or regulation concerning animals. Specifies that the right to grow and raise food does not impair the terms of a lease or contract.
- Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Referred to Senate Agriculture
- All Bill Status:* 1/10/2022 - First Reading
- 1/10/2022 - Authored By Blake Doriot
- SB262 HOUSING TAX CREDITS (HOLDMAN T) Provides an affordable and workforce housing state tax credit against state tax liability to a taxpayer for each taxable year in the state tax credit period of a qualified project in an aggregate amount that does not exceed the product of a percentage between 40% and 100% and the amount of the taxpayer's aggregate federal tax credit for the qualified project. Provides that an eligible applicant must apply to the Indiana housing and community development authority for an award of an affordable and workforce housing state tax credit. Provides that a holder of an affordable and workforce housing state tax credit may transfer, sell, or assign all or part of the holder's right to claim the state tax credit for a taxable year.
- Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy
- All Bill Status:* 1/10/2022 - First Reading

- SB265 CARBON SEQUESTRATION PILOT PROJECT (FORD J) Changes the description of the carbon sequestration pilot project that is authorized under current law. Eliminates the requirement that the operator of the carbon sequestration pilot project be designated by the director of the department of natural resources. Defines "carbon sequestration claim" as a civil action alleging actual or potential infringement of, interference with, or damage to real or personal property rights or interests arising from: (1) the operation of the carbon sequestration pilot project; or (2) the actual or potential presence or migration in the subsurface of injectate from the carbon sequestration pilot project. Provides that a person may not maintain a carbon sequestration claim unless the person pleads and proves: (1) actual interference with the reasonable use of the person's property; or (2) direct and tangible physical damage to the person's property. Provides that a person asserting a carbon sequestration claim may not recover damages for the diminution of the value of the person's real property due solely to any perceived risk associated with the operation of the carbon sequestration pilot project.  
*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Authored By Jon Ford
- SB269 REGULATION OF DAMS (DONATO S) Provides that the laws regulating dams apply only to a structure that meets two or more of the following conditions: (1) Exceeds 20 feet in height. (2) Has a drainage area above the dam of more than one square mile. (3) Impounds a volume of more than 100 acre-feet of water. Requires the department of natural resources (department) to establish a classification system for dams based on: (1) the height of the structure and the volume of water impounded by the structure; and (2) the force of the water and the likely consequences resulting from the uncontrolled release of its contents due to a failure or misoperation of the structure. Changes the classification categories for dams from high hazard, significant hazard, and low hazard to high capacity, significant capacity, and low capacity. Changes the standard to determine potential consequences for a failure from "may cause" to "likely to cause". Requires the department to have jurisdiction over a dam to raise the dam's classification to high capacity upon receiving a request from a downstream owner. Provides that changes to the law do not affect past inspections.  
*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Referred to Senate Natural Resources  
*All Bill Status:* 1/10/2022 - First Reading  
1/10/2022 - Authored By Stacey Donato
- SB271 SMALL MODULAR NUCLEAR REACTORS (KOCH E) Amends the statute governing certificates of public convenience and necessity (certificates) that are issued by the Indiana utility regulatory commission (IURC) for the construction, lease, or purchase of electric generation facilities to require the IURC, in consultation with the department of environmental management (department), to adopt rules concerning the granting of certificates for the construction, purchase, or lease of small modular nuclear reactors: (1) in Indiana for the generation of electricity to be used to furnish public utility service to Indiana customers; or (2) at the site of a nuclear energy production or generating facility that supplies electricity to Indiana retail customers on July 1, 2011. Requires the IURC to adopt the rules not later than July 1, 2023. Provides that the rules adopted by the IURC must provide that in acting on a public utility's petition for a certificate for one or more small modular nuclear reactors, the IURC shall consider the following: (1) Whether, and to what extent, the one or more small modular nuclear reactors proposed by the public utility will replace a loss of generating capacity in the public utility's portfolio resulting from the retirement or planned retirement of one or more of existing electric generating facilities that: (A) are located in Indiana; and (B) use coal or natural gas as a fuel source. (2) Whether one or more of the small modular nuclear reactors will be located on the same site as or near the facility to be retired and, if so, potential opportunities for the public utility to: (A) make use of any land and existing infrastructure or facilities already owned or under the control of the public utility; or (B) create new employment opportunities for workers who have been, or would be, displaced as a result of the retirement of the existing facility. Provides that the IURC's rules must provide that the IURC may grant a certificate under circumstances and for locations other than these. Sets forth additional requirements for small modular nuclear reactors that must be included in the IURC's rules, including the requirement that the owner or operator of a proposed small modular nuclear reactor must provide evidence of a plan to apply for all licenses or permits to construct or operate the proposed small modular nuclear reactor required by the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the department, or any other relevant state or federal regulatory agency. Amends the statute providing certain financial incentives for energy utilities that invest in clean energy projects by providing that, for purposes of the statute, a "clean energy project" and a "nuclear energy production or generating facility" include a small modular nuclear reactor that is constructed after June 30, 2023: (1) in Indiana for the generation of electricity to be used to furnish public utility service to Indiana customers; or (2) at the site of a nuclear energy production or generating facility that supplies electricity to Indiana retail customers on July 1, 2011; under the rules adopted by the IURC under the bill. Defines "small modular nuclear reactor" for purposes of the bill's provisions.  
*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Referred to Senate Utilities  
*All Bill Status:* 1/10/2022 - First Reading  
1/10/2022 - Authored By Eric Koch

WASTEWATER INFRASTRUCTURE (KOCH E) Provides that the Indiana finance authority (authority) shall serve as the executive branch coordinator for funding allocated or made available to the state or local communities from federal, state, and other sources for purposes related to water, wastewater, or storm water infrastructure and systems. Sets forth the duties of the authority with respect to this role. Provides that as a condition for receiving a loan or other financial assistance through the wastewater revolving loan program or the drinking water revolving loan program, a participant must: (1) demonstrate to the authority that it has developed an asset management program; and (2) submit the asset management program to the authority not later than the time of submission of the participant's preliminary engineering report for any project for which the loan or other financial assistance will be provided. (Current law provides that a participant must demonstrate that it has developed or is in the process of developing an asset management program.) Specifies that the authority shall coordinate the executive branch activities related to the state's water and wastewater programs. (Current law provides that the authority shall serve such a role with respect to the state's water programs.) Establishes a water and wastewater infrastructure research and extension program (program) to provide data collection and information, training, and technical assistance concerning: (1) water infrastructure; (2) wastewater infrastructure; and (3) storm water infrastructure; in Indiana. Provides that the authority shall: (1) contract with a state supported college or university in Indiana to provide the program; and (2) financially support the program from funds appropriated to the authority. Provides that the program may be housed within, or share staff with, the existing research and highway extension program at Purdue University. Provides that the program shall provide the following services and programs to, or for the benefit of, utilities providing water, wastewater, or storm water service in Indiana: (1) Assisting utilities in the development of asset management programs. (2) Serving as a central repository for data concerning infrastructure used to provide water, wastewater, or storm water service in Indiana. (3) Providing training and technical assistance to utilities and Indiana's water, wastewater, and storm water utility industry workforces. Requires the authority to make, not later than July 1, 2023, all: (1) utility asset management programs; and (2) information concerning utility asset lifecycle management costs; submitted to or reviewed by the authority available on an Internet web site maintained by the authority or the program. Requires that in carrying out all information gathering and reporting duties under the bill's provisions, the authority and the program shall use any data the authority or the program acquires in a manner that: (1) protects the confidential information of individual utilities and customers; and (2) is consistent with applicable statutory exclusions from disclosure under the state's public records act. Provides that as a condition for receiving a loan, grant, or other financial assistance through the water infrastructure assistance program or the water infrastructure grant program, a participant must do the following: (1) Submit the participant's required asset management program to the authority not later than the time of submission of the participant's preliminary engineering report for any project for which the loan, grant, or other financial assistance will be provided. (Current law does not specify when the asset management program must be submitted.) (2) Submit to the authority information on the estimated and actual life cycle management costs over the useful life of the asset financed. (3) In the case of a participant that is not under the jurisdiction of the Indiana utility regulatory commission (IURC), regularly report to all: (A) customers; (B) counties; and (C) municipalities; within the participant's service territory information concerning the participant's asset management program. Provides that the authority's project prioritization system for awarding assistance from the water infrastructure assistance fund and the water infrastructure grant fund must include as a variable the effect of a project on the environment. Requires the state board of education (state board) to approve, for purposes of the state's career and technical education graduation pathway, a utility career cluster that allows students to acquire knowledge and skills related to employment in the electric, natural gas, communications, water, and wastewater utility industries. Provides for the following with respect to a wastewater utility that is not subject to the jurisdiction of the IURC for the approval of rates and charges and that has been issued one or more enforcement orders (orders) by the department of environmental management (department) after June 30, 2022: (1) For the first order, the utility is subject to a summary review of its: (A) rate and charges; and (B) asset management program; by the IURC, in accordance with procedures determined by the IURC. (2) For a second order that is issued within two years of the first order, the utility is subject to rate regulation, following two base rate cases, by the IURC for a minimum period of five years. (3) For any order issued during the required rate regulation period, the IURC may, in consultation with the department, initiate a receivership proceeding with respect to the utility. Requires the governor's workforce cabinet (cabinet), in consultation with the state board, the department of education, and the department of workforce development, to create course sequences for the utility career cluster. Requires the cabinet to: (1) collect data each year regarding approved career clusters and course sequences to inform decision making around approving, creating, and amending current and future career clusters and course sequence requirements; and (2) prepare and submit, not later than November 1 of each year, a report to the legislative council regarding the collected data.

*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Authored By Eric Koch

TAXATION (ZAY A) Phases down the individual adjusted gross income tax rate from 3.23% in 2022 to 1.73% in 2027 and thereafter. Phases out the corporate adjusted gross income tax rate from 4.99% in 2022 to 0% in 2026 and thereafter. Extends the state sales tax to all services beginning January 1, 2023, excluding government services. Defines "service" as any activity engaged in for another person, if the person purchases the service as the end user of the service for consideration. Specifies that the term does not include a service rendered by an employee. Excludes the wholesale sale of services that are performed by a business and rendered to another business for the use or consumption in the production of tangible personal property or the delivery of other services that are for sale

(business to business transactions). Imposes a surcharge tax on social media providers. Defines "social media provider" as a social media company that: (1) maintains a public social media platform; (2) has more than 1,000,000 active Indiana account holders; (3) has annual gross revenue derived from social media advertising services in Indiana of at least \$1,000,000; and (4) derives economic benefit from the data individuals in Indiana share with the company. Provides that the surcharge tax is equal to: (1) the annual gross revenue derived from social media advertising services in Indiana in a calendar year multiplied by 7%; plus (2) the total number of the social media provider's active Indiana account holders in a calendar year multiplied by \$1. Establishes the online bullying, social isolation, and suicide prevention fund (fund) for the purposes of providing: (1) online bullying prevention; or (2) social isolation and suicide prevention; training and research for counselors and educational institutions. Provides that the division of mental health and addiction shall administer the fund. Transfers 10% of the revenue from the surcharge tax to the fund. Transfers the remaining surcharge tax revenue to the rural broadband fund.

*Current Status:* 1/10/2022 - Referred to Senate Rules and Legislative Procedure

*All Bill Status:* 1/10/2022 - First Reading

1/10/2022 - Authored By Andy Zay

SB378

ASSESSMENT OF BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY (BUCHANAN B) Increases the acquisition cost threshold for the business personal property tax exemption from \$80,000 to \$250,000. Provides an exemption for business personal property regardless of the acquisition cost that applies only if the property is placed in service in calendar year 2023. Allows the exemption for the entire useful life of the property. Requires the department of local government finance to adopt rules to amend the Indiana Administrative Code to reduce the minimum valuation percentage for depreciable personal property from 30% to 27.5% for the 2023 assessment date, and to 25% for assessment dates beginning in 2024 and thereafter. Amends the county option exemption for business personal property to allow counties to adopt an exemption ordinance that applies only to the first five year period after new business personal property is placed in service and that would require the personal property to be placed back on the tax rolls beginning in the sixth year of its useful life. Makes conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 1/11/2022 - Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

*All Bill Status:* 1/10/2022 - Referred to Senate Tax and Fiscal Policy

1/10/2022 - First Reading

1/10/2022 - Authored By Brian Buchanan